

# HAPPY NEW YEAR

The Jordan Times wishes to inform its readers and advertisers that it will not be published on Friday and Saturday, Jan. 1 and 2, 1982, because of the New Year holiday. Our next issue, therefore, will appear on Sunday, Jan. 3, 1982. We take this opportunity to extend our heartfelt felicitations to all our readers and advertisers on the occasion, and to wish them all a happy new year.

# Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية غير حزبية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية "الراي"

## Hernu starts visit to Egypt

CAIRO, Dec. 30 (R)—French Defence Minister Charles Hernu starts a three-day visit to Cairo today and is expected to discuss Egyptian plans for buying new weapons, including advanced aircraft and missiles. His trip precedes a 24-hour visit here by French External Relations Minister Claude Cheysson on Jan. 2-3. Mr. Hernu, who arrives here this evening, will have a series of talks with Egyptian Defence Minister Abdul Halim Abu Ghazala. Egyptian officials said he would discuss possible Egyptian arms purchases from France, including a contract for 60 Mirage 2000 combat aircraft worth an estimated \$2.4 billion with spare parts.

Volume 6, Number 1849 AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY DECEMBER 31, 1981, JAN. 1, 1982 — RABIA AL AWWAL 4-5, 1402 Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

## Vietnam denounces Golan annexation

KUWAIT, Dec. 30 (R)—Vietnamese Deputy Prime Minister Tran Quynh today denounced Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights as "an act of expansion and another Israeli violation of the Arab countries' sovereignty and United Nations principles." He reiterated Vietnam's support of the Arabs in the Middle East conflict. Mr. Quynh was talking to reporters after seeing the Emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmed Al Sabah, on the second day of a three-day visit to Kuwait.

## Religious group criticises annexation

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Dec. 30 (R)—A small, fervently religious group which holds the balance of political power in Israel today criticised the annexation of the Golan Heights and said that "provoking the gentiles was not the Jewish way." Rabbi Eliezer Shach, member of the governing council of the Aguda Israel Party, told reporters that the Golan annexation law had endangered American Jewry since it could lead to Israeli-U.S. confrontation. He said Prime Minister Menachem Begin had been shortsighted in pressing for the law. The Aguda Israel movement, which supports Jewish settlement in Israel but not Zionist statehood, holds four vital seats in the 120-member Knesset (parliament). Without them, Mr. Begin's 61-seat coalition could tumble.

## Jerusalem bomb dismantled

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Dec. 30 (A.P.)—Police today dismantled a bomb before it exploded under the stairwell of a Jewish religious seminary in the Mea Shearim quarter of Jerusalem, police said. The explosive, discovered in Yeshiva Mir, was believed to have been planted by commandos, police said.

## Iran executes 21

LONDON, Dec. 30 (R)—Twenty-one Iranian leftists have been executed in several Iranian cities on charges of opposing Iran's Islamic regime, a Tehran newspaper reported today. The newspaper Jomburi-ye-Eslami (Islamic Republic) said 12 members of the radical people's Mujahedeen movement, six of them women, were sent to a firing squad on the orders of a revolutionary court in the eastern city of Mashad. Six leftists were shot in the central city of Yazd after being convicted of rebellion against the clergy-led government, the newspaper said. It said the rest of those executed faced a firing squad in the southern city of Masjed Soleyman.

## North Yemen asks Iran to leave

BAHRAIN, Dec. 30 (R)—North Yemen has asked Iran's charge d'affaires to leave the country within 24 hours because of what it called un-diplomatic activities, the official Saudi press agency reported today in a despatch from Sanaa. It said the charge d'affaires, whom it did not name, had been called to the foreign ministry yesterday and told he was persona non grata. He had been accused of distributing leaflets opposing North Yemen's government, it said. Last week, Iran's charge d'affaires to Bahrain, Hassan Shubartat-Zadeh, flew home after being declared persona non grata.

## Brandt to address Cypriot parliament

NICOSIA, Dec. 30 (R)—West German Social Democrat leader Willy Brandt, on a two-week visit to Cyprus, will address a special session of the Cyprus House of Representatives on Monday, an official statement said today. Mr. Brandt, who arrived on Dec. 23, had a meeting with President Spyros Kyprianou yesterday and was due to see Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktaş later today. Mr. Brandt said on arrival that he hoped to learn about the Cypriot problem and was willing to help.

## Leading U.S. senator starts 4-day official visit to Jordan

### King receives Percy

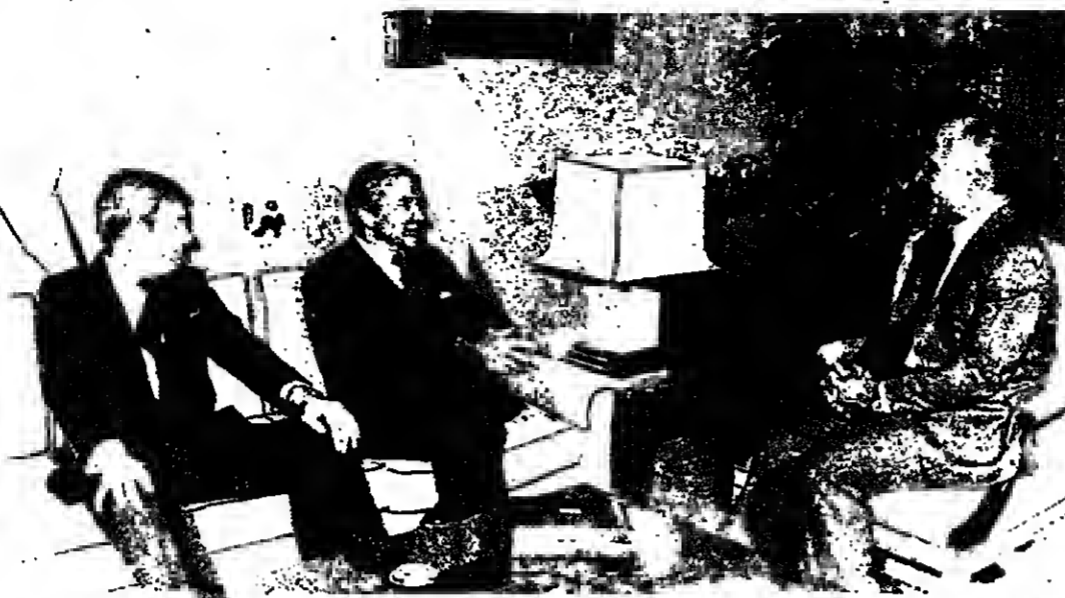
AMMAN, Dec. 30 (Petra)—His Majesty King Hussein conferred at the royal court this evening with Senator Charles Percy, chairman of the U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

They reviewed the Middle East situation and exchanged views on international issues.

During the audience, King Hussein explained Jordan's position with regard to a just and comprehensive peace in the region based on total Israeli withdrawal from the occupied Arab territories, including Arab Jerusalem, and the safeguarding of the rights of the Palestinian people, including their right to self-determination in their homeland.

The American Ambassador to Jordan Richard Viets was present at the meeting.

Mr. Percy was earlier received by Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Bahjat Talhoumi.



His Majesty King Hussein receives at the royal court Wednesday Senator Charles Percy, American Ambassador to Jordan Richard Viets (far left) attended the audience (Petra photo)

Both sides exchanged views on Arab issues, the Middle East question and the Palestinian problem. Mr. Talhoumi explained Jordan's stand which calls for a just and comprehensive peace in the region based on total Israeli withdrawal from the occupied Arab territories and guaranteeing full rights for the Palestinian people in accordance with United Nations resolutions.

The meeting at Mr. Talhoumi's office was also attended by Mr. Viets.

Later Mr. Talhoumi gave a luncheon in honour of Sen. Percy and his accompanying delegation. It was attended by several Upper House members and the American ambassador. During the banquet both sides continued discussion on the Middle East issue

and Israel's recent decision to annex the occupied Syrian Golan Heights.

Sen. Percy, who is currently on a fact-finding tour of the Middle East, arrived here today for a four-day official visit to Jordan. He will meet with several senior Jordanian officials and tour historic and archaeological sites in Jordan.

## Israel urged to stop risky behaviour

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Dec. 30 (R)—U.S. Senator Charles Percy said today he had secretly met three Palestinian leaders during his visit to Israel.

Speaking at the end of a three-day trip, the chairman of the U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee told reporters he had secretly met the three leaders because "I have long held there is no real basis of lasting peace without resolving the Palestinian problem."

Two of the Palestinians were from the occupied West Bank.

They were Bethlehem Mayor Elias Friej and lawyer Aziz Shehadeh of Ramallah. The other was physician Hatem Abo Gazala of Gaza.

The senator did not say what had been discussed at the meetings but Mayor Friej told Reuters he had expressed to Mr. Percy Palestinian fears that the West Bank and Gaza would be annexed like the Golan Heights.

He said the senator had agreed that the Palestinian problem was the crux of all problems in the region.

The U.S. government maintains that the Palestine Liberation Organisation cannot be included in the peace process until it recognises Israel's right to exist.

Mr. Percy said that in his meetings with Israeli leaders, he had urged them to refrain from unilateral actions which put at risk the special U.S.-Israel relationship.

He said he had expressed deep concern about U.S.-Israel relations following the annexation of the Golan Heights.

"I have urged moderation of the rhetoric that has aggravated the situation even further," he added, in an apparent reference to recent anti-American outbursts by Prime Minister Menachem Begin and Defence Minister Ariel Sharon over U.S. disapproval of the Golan takeover. Mr. Percy said the U.S.-Israel special relationship based on shared democratic values and mutual admiration "should not be put at risk by unilateral Israeli actions without regard to the interests of the U.S."

He said he stressed the importance of speeding up the limping negotiations on autonomy for Palestinians of the West Bank and Gaza. "Progress may be slow but progress must be made with all nations in the area. Time is running out."

The senator said he had assured Israeli leaders of the U.S. commitment to Israeli security and to the 1978 Camp David accords on which the Israel-Egypt peace treaty is based.

Mr. Percy continued his Middle East tour by coming to Jordan today.

He said he would urge the Arab countries he is visiting to recognise Israel's right to live in peace behind defensible borders.

## Haig reschedules visit to Israel

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Dec. 30 (A.P.)—U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig plans to visit Israel in February during a swing through the Middle East, Israeli officials said today.

Mr. Haig's visit would be a rescheduled one-day stop he was to have made in Israel on Dec. 13 but cancelled because of the Polish crisis. Since then Israel-U.S. relations have sunk to a low point over Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights.

Senior Israeli officials, refusing to be identified before the scheduling of Mr. Haig's visit was firm, had few details on the trip.

## Arab bid for peace in Gulf gains momentum

KUWAIT, Dec. 30 (A.P.)—The foreign minister of Kuwait today conferred with Iran's ambassador to the Kuwaiti capital amid indications of a growing Arab drive to mediate an end to the 15-month-old Iranian-Iraqi war.

Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmed Al Sabah told reporters after the meeting that the Iranian envoy handed him a message from Iran's foreign minister. He said the message dealt with "bilateral relations and Iran's desire to improve its relations with Kuwait" but gave no further details.

Observers here linked the message with a reported Syrian and Kuwaiti effort to bring the Iran-Iraq war to a stop.

In Damascus, Syria announced that planned talks with a high-ranking Iranian delegation also reported to be part of the attempt to end the Gulf war, had been postponed until tomorrow.

But the joint effort launched by Syria and Kuwait to end the Iran-Iraq war appeared to be gathering pace. Diplomatic sources said Algeria, which successfully mediated between the two warring countries in 1975, was expected to become involved.

Informed Syrian sources said Syria and Kuwait had agreed to try to end the war as a step towards uniting the Arab World against Israel.

Syrian officials said a visit to Damascus by Iranian foreign minister Ali Akbar Velayati had been put off until tomorrow "because of the flights between Syria and Iran." They did not elaborate.

The Syrian sources said Kuwait had suggested the peace drive to Syrian President Hafez Al Assad who he was touring the Gulf last

week to campaign for joint Arab action against Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights, taken from Syria in 1967.

Diplomatic sources in Kuwait said they understood Algeria was preparing to join the peace efforts. It brought Iran and Iraq together during a meeting of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries in Algiers in 1975 and the two sides signed an agreement to end their long-standing border dispute.

Algerian standing with the Islamic revolutionary government in Iran was demonstrated a year ago when Algiers mediated for the release of 52 United States diplomats held hostage in Tehran.

In addition to producing the agreement to try to end the Gulf war, President Assad's tour of Gulf States appears to have paved the way for reconciliation over the Arabs' other main dispute.

This is over Saudi Arabia's eight-point plan for Middle East peace, supported by some countries but opposed by Syria and other Arabs because it implicitly recognises Israel.

The differences caused an Arab summit conference in Morocco last month to be suspended after only one session.

Mr. Assad was one of several heads of state who did not attend. But the Syrian sources said the president had told Gulf leaders he was ready to attend a resumed summit provided that it was preceded by successful preparatory meetings.

All previous attempts to mediate an end to the Iran-Iraq war have failed.

Iraq refuses to withdraw any of its troops from the strip of Iranian territory they occupy until Iran recognises its demands of full sov-

erignty over Iraq's Shatt Al-Arab waterway and the return of its border areas.

Iran refuses to negotiate until the last Iraqi soldier has left its soil.

The Syrian sources said that while President Assad would contact Iranian leaders, Kuwait's Emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmed Al Sabah, would speak to the government in Baghdad.

Tehran radio quoted Iranian Prime Minister Hossein Mousavi as saying last night his country would welcome any visit by Syrian President Hafez Al Assad to Iran to negotiate a solution to the Gulf war.

Tehran newspapers today reported that Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati would leave for Damascus today or tomorrow, apparently for talks with Syrian leaders on ending the war.

Iran's official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) quoted Mr. Velayati as saying today that the main aim of his visit to Syria tomorrow was to declare Iran's support for Damascus following Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights.

IRNA, formerly Pars, also said that Mr. Velayati met with President Ali Khamenei on the day before his planned departure.

In an interview with IRNA, Mr. Velayati said "the Islamic republic of Iran believes that the land coercively occupied by the Zionist regime had to be liberated through the use of arms."

This view was also shared by President Khamenei who was quoted by Tehran radio today as saying his country would be able to participate "in (armed) struggles against Israel" once the 15-month-old war with Iraq was over.

## Israeli jets violate Iraqi airspace

BEIRUT, Dec. 30 (R)—Iraq said two Israeli fighter planes had flown deep into its airspace today but had been driven off by Iraqi aircraft.

The official Iraqi news agency said two of Israel's American-made F-15 planes flew 50 km into western Iraq in an area bordering Saudi Arabia.

This was roughly the route Israeli bombers were reported to have followed in June when they flew to Baghdad to destroy Iraq's nuclear reactor.

The agency said Iraqi fighters intercepted the Israelis and forced them to turn back. All the Iraqi planes returned safely to base, it said.

In Tel Aviv, an Israeli military spokesman refused to confirm or deny the report, saying "the Is-

raeli army does not disclose details of its troop movements."

The Iraqi agency said the incident happened at 1105 GMT in the region of Maqar An Naam, 400 km west of Baghdad and deep in the desert on the Iraqi frontier with Saudi Arabia.

The report came only two weeks after Israel's sudden decision to annex the Syrian Golan Heights and as Arab nations were trying to end the Iran-Iraq war in a bid to unite the Arab World against Israel.

When Israeli F-15s and F-16s attacked the Iraqi nuclear reactor, they apparently flew the 900 km to the outskirts of Baghdad undetected.

The Israelis flew across Saudi Arabia on that mission. In Jeddah, diplomats said that if

Israeli planes had crossed Saudi Arabia today on their way to Iraq, they would probably not have been picked up by the four U.S.-owned radar surveillance planes on duty in the kingdom.

The United States sent the Airborne Warning and Control System (AWACS) aircraft to Saudi Arabia in October last year to protect the kingdom's huge oil fields if the Iran-Iraq war spilled down the Gulf. The planes operate south of the area where Iraq reported today's incident, the diplomats said.

## Joergensen forms cabinet in Denmark

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 30 (R)—Danish caretaker Prime Minister Anker Joergensen presented a new 20-member Social Democratic minority cabinet to Queen Margrethe today, with only three changes from his previous government.

Mr. Joergensen's Social Democrats suffered losses in general elections on Dec. 8, which produced no clear majority in the 179-seat Folketing (parliament), but the Social Democrats are still the biggest single party with 59 seats.

The elections led to talks on a majority coalition with the left-wing Socialist People's Party and the Radical Party, but the negotiations failed.

The previous government was also a Social Democratic minority administration, formed in 1979. It fell last month over economic policy, half-way through its term of office.

Mr. Joergensen is expected to present his new government's programme, including economic measures, to parliament when it reconvenes on Jan. 12.

Political analysts say the government may not last long because there is a lack of consensus on economic policy among the nine parties in parliament.

In the new cabinet, Knud Heinesen gives up the public works portfolio to take over as finance minister from Svend Jakobsen, who was appointed speaker (chairman) of parliament earlier this week.

Jens Kristian Hansen steps in as public work minister and Bent Hansen replaces Mrs. Ritt Bjerggaard as social affairs minister.

## The world scene in 1981: Turmoil, bombs and bullets

By Scott Kraft  
The Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Rome, Cairo — Gunfire rang out. Three world leaders fell wounded, one mortally. There had always been threats. But 1981 was a year bullets struck flesh.

Reagan, John Paul II, Sadat. Not since 1968 had those in the public eye been made so aware of the perilous life they lead. Waving to crowds, speaking to large groups, they are always a bullethead.

Other news also captivated the world in 1981. U.S. embassy hostages were freed in Iran on Jan. 20 — the day of Reagan's inauguration — but turmoil inside the Islamic republic continued. Bombs killed top Iranian officials, and alleged subversives were executed by the hundreds.

In Poland, there were food shortages, negotiations with the Solidarity independent labour movement and government shakeups. Then suddenly, on a cold December weekend, there was martial law.

Thousands of union leaders and dissidents were arrested, communication was cut off and a curfew imposed. Western governments warned the Soviet Union against any intervention.

The NATO alliance stood firm on its plans to deploy new medium-range nuclear missiles in West Europe, but Washington also opened talks with Moscow that could reduce missile deployments.

The Soviet Union held a once-in-five-years Communist Party congress, where President Leonid Brezhnev repeated Soviet assurances that Moscow wants peace and disarmament. Brezhnev made similar statements during a visit to West Germany, but the visit was tarnished in advance by the beaching of a Soviet submarine on the Swedish coast.

Swedish officials feared it was carrying nuclear weapons. Another news event was brighter — the July marriage of Prince Charles, heir to the British throne, and Lady Diana Spencer. In November, Buckingham Palace announced a royal birth is expected in the spring.

The U.S. space shuttle Columbia, the first spaceship intended for round trips into space, made two test flights. Each ended with perfect three-point landings in the California desert, although the second was cut short by technical problems.

Another U.S. spacecraft, the unmanned Voyager II, zoomed by Saturn, sending back the best photographs ever taken of the solar system's sixth planet.

play in Spain after 42 years in New York. Picasso had said the painting must not be returned to his homeland until democracy was restored. Spain's right-wing dictatorship was ended by Francisco Franco's death in 1975.

In the United States, Ronald Reagan used his landslide victory — and a more conservative Congress — to implement his economic plans.

They came to be called supply-side economics, or Reaganomics, a marriage of spending cuts and tax cuts that would revive business and hence the economy, drag down inflation and interest rates and eventually unemployment.

But on Wall Street, prices in both the stock and bond markets declined. U.S. unemployment rose to 8.4 per cent, a six-year high, and housing construction slowed to a standstill. However, inflation slowed and interest rates began to drop late in the year.

Mergers and talk of mergers pulsed in the U.S. business world. Dupont acquired Conoco Inc., for \$8 billion, the largest corporate takeover in U.S. history.

While conservatism reigned in America, left-leaning leaders were making strides elsewhere. Francois Mitterrand, a Socialist, became President of France. Andreas Papandreu of the Pan-Hellenic Socialist Movement became premier in Greece.

But the world scene in 1981 was punctuated by the success reports of assassination attempts — and a few that succeeded.

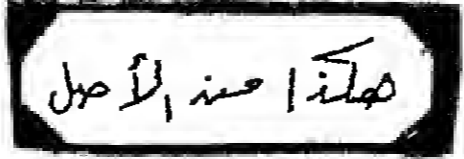
Ronald Reagan, three months in office as America's oldest president, was struck by a spray of bullets fired by one man. His press secretary, a Secret Service agent and a policeman also were hit.

Reagan, 70, returned to the White House 12 days later, and pronounced himself fully recovered on June 16. John Hinckley, 26, who had an obsession for actress Jodie Foster, awaits trial in the attack.

Pope John Paul II, waving to a crowd of about 10,000 from a jeep, was shot in the abdomen, arm and hand. He underwent 5½ hours of surgery, during which parts of his intestines were removed. He left the hospital June 3, but developed a viral infection. In August, after a second operation on his intestine, he was pronounced recovered.

A Turkish terrorist and convicted murderer, Mehmet Ali Agca, was arrested shortly after the pontiff was shot, convicted by an Italian court and sentenced to life in prison.

During a parade commemorating president Anwar Sadat's military victory over Israel in the Yom Kippur war of 1973, and as jet fighters flew overhead, four uniformed men leaped from a truck in the parade and raced toward the reviewing stand, firing rifles and



# NATIONAL ART REVIEW

## French neorealists exhibit prints

By Meg Abu Hamdan  
Special to the Jordan Times

ONE OF the distinctions that mark the exhibition of French neorealist prints which opened at the Jordan National Gallery this week is that it is — despite the fact that 1981 has been a remarkable year for all kinds of important artistic events — only the fourth exhibition of prints to find its way to Amman this year. In other countries, lithographs and serigraphs are the most frequently seen kinds of art in private homes as they represent not only a method of obtaining good works of art fairly reasonably, but also they are readily available. You can buy them from catalogues which come through the post, the glossy magazines offer limited signed editions while galleries and art dealers sell them in a more conventional manner.

In Amman however, to see the different ideas and techniques that can only be expressed and obtained by printing is still a rare treat. One of the reasons for this deficiency is certainly due to the fact that as yet no press exists in Jordan, by which the local artists could make their own prints. Why prints are not brought more often to the country from abroad is less easily explained. The logistics of prints — their ability to be reproduced in large numbers, which makes them thus less valuable and fragile to transport than original one — would mean they should be one of the most frequent exhibits to appear. But this is not the case. Most of the international exhibitions — of which we have been fortunate to have many this year — have been in the form of oil paintings. The only explanation is perhaps that the organisers of the

exhibitions feel — maybe quite rightly — the public does not want exhibitions of prints. And certainly having only very few print exhibitions a year makes you appreciate their qualities more.

And it is quality that is another distinction of the French neorealist exhibition. The lithographs and serigraphs all display a high level of production and represent, for the most part, interesting and stimulating ideas and concepts in a variety of style — all figurative — that has been classified by the organisers as neorealism.

The return by some artists to figurative and more literal art occurred in both Europe and America towards the end of the sixties. Art critics offered a variety of reasons — and various terminologies — for the phenomena, which, taken individually do not offer the whole explanation, but together give some idea of the movement's early beginnings. Robert Hughes claims realism began as a reaction by some artists against the art that was being produced during the 1960s, when any kind of art — "from photographing 650 garages in suburban San Diego to spending a week shut in a gym locker with a urine bottle" — was acceptable. Certainly many people were growing tired of the colour field paintings and the facade of abstraction that technically weak artists could hide behind.

Edward Lucie-Smith, on the other hand, writes that realism rose out of the super or photo realism of the 1960s which itself was rooted in pop art and the camera. Michael Shepherd believes that realism is one of the ways in which the contemporary artist deals with "the flood of ephemeral visuals" (the images that daily bombard us from the television, newspaper photographs, posters and adv-

ertisements) and makes of them "something more permanent." He adds that realism is also a method which tries to relate "the great classical tradition of art to the present day in some meaningful way."

Whatever the explanation, the exhibition at the Jordan National Gallery shows many good examples of the different forms this realism took in France.

Among the best are prints by two of the artists whose work appeared in the exhibition of the French contemporary artists held earlier this year at the Jordan National Gallery. Gerard Titus Carmel plays with our senses in "Alteration and displacement" because although he draws some parts of the two boxes in meticulous detail, leaving the rest as contrasting simple lines, we still cannot tell what is inside the upper box trying to get out or what is oozing out between the two. The artist has intrigued us by negating the whole principle of realism — by drawing something hyper-realistic, alien and unknown. His other piece "Deamhulatoire" also evokes this response of puzzlement and wonder. Clearly drawn, is a water pipe, its corners lagged with old sacking and string. Yet it is a pipe without beginning or end, as it transports its watery contents endlessly around its four linked corners. And what is the lagged string running alongside it used for? Again the artist has reversed the role of his realistic depiction by meticulously drawing something — although it comprises of familiar objects — that has no function or meaning.

Bernard Monnot's piece on the other hand might not leave us so speculative, but he does give us an interesting image that demands,

and indeed gets, prolonged observation. Through the plate glass window, we look inside the abandoned shop. Old sheeting lies crumpled across the floor; the all-seeing mirrors, once hung to deter the potential shop lifter, now only reflect deserted emptiness, which is compounded by the broken neon lettering that hangs loosely above the door. Ironically, the mirrored column reflects a prosperous shop thriving across the road in the outside world.

Still life objects are always a favourite subject for the realists as they can graphically reproduce every crease, every crumple of the cloth. Excelling in this is Wolfgang Gafgen's "Fragment". Here the artist has drawn every nuance of the leather of the jacket in breathtaking detail. But perhaps because he realised that there is a level of detail below which a drawing cannot go — thus realism is "condemned to be more hypothetical than abstraction" — he has only drawn the right shoulder of the jacket and has trailed the edges off sketchily, making us realise it is just a drawing placed appropriately in the right hand corner of the picture. Granyin, however, has not spared us any of the detail in his humorous but beautiful drawing of a striped pair of pants.

Combining realism with more conceptual aspects of art is Velickovic. In both his pieces, the detailed drawing of a running rat appears. In one, it seems to be under scientific scrutiny — rulers measure its action which is plotted on a huge graph where mathematical formulas abound. In the other, the rat plays a secondary role to the anguished pain filled disturbing figure which is giving birth to a series of boxes. Both prints seem to protest against our

technological society with its disregard for life.

Many of the other artists have found, like Velickovic, that realism is often a useful vehicle by which to make more blatant comments on the society which they find themselves part of, like for example Lucien Fleury's lithograph. Here the screens of two television sets initiate the static, immobile poses of their viewers. The stylised objects of the home are made more ephemeral and unreal by heavy black lines which surround them. This latter technique reminds one of the work of Patrick Caulfield. Then there is the old-fashioned upright typewriter by Tisserand. Set against the brightly patterned Matisse-like wallpaper, it types out random letters with no meaning.

One of the techniques only achieved by printing are the bright toneless and textureless areas of flat colour. This effect has been used well by many of the artists — Rancillac's "Portrait", where the shadows of the face and clothes are expressed as patches of unchanging red, or the clever picture of "Ghandi" by Adami. The simplicity of the flat planes of red and orange and the characterising small round spectacles and umbrella give both the minimum of colour and form and just the essence of the man.

There are many more excellent prints among the 51 that make up the exhibition and they give us an opportunity to see firsthand some of the ideas and techniques French artists have employed in printmaking over the last twenty years.

The exhibition was organised jointly by the Jordan National Gallery and the French ministry of foreign affairs and will run until Jan. 7.



Gala (1965), by Peter Stampfli

# JORDAN MARKETPLACE

## RESTAURANTS & BARS

**RESTAURANT CHINA**  
"The First & Best Chinese Restaurant in Jordan"  
First Circle, Jabal Amman  
Near Ahliyyah Girl's School  
**Open Daily**  
12:00 - 3:30 p.m.  
6:30 p.m. - Midnight  
Tel. 38968  
Take Home Service Available

Philadelphia Hotel  
THE NEWEST DISCO IN AMMAN  
**my place**  
SUPER DISCO  
FOR RES. - ALL 7 DAYS  
COUPLES ONLY

**RESTAURANT TAIWAN TOURISMO**  
Opposite Akhbar Maternity Hospital  
3rd Circle, J. Amman Tel. 41083  
Try our special "Flaming Pot" fondue during your next visit.  
Take-away orders welcome  
Welcome and thank you

**THE WHY NOT BAND**

BE OUR GUEST THIS EVENING AND LET  
**SEBASTIAN DURCAL DANCERS**  
Live Music and Chromatic Show Band  
ENTERTAIN YOU OVER DINNER  
For Res. 6000015

LOS RESTAURACION JERUSALEM  
**VIAJEROS RESTAURANT**  
Buffet Lunches Snacks  
WATER RESTAURANT INTERNATIONAL HOTEL

**Shepherd's Pub**  
Enjoy a cold glass of draught beer and a game of darts in a true English Pub atmosphere at the Shepherd's Pub.  
Open 12 noon to 1 a.m.  
Snacks & drinks served

**MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant**  
FULLY AIR CONDITIONED  
Wadi Saqra Road  
East of New Traffic Bridge  
Across From Holiday Inn  
Tel. 61922  
AMMAN

See The Stars At **Al Pasha** DISCOTHEQUE  
**STAR FLY PEOPLE**  
Couples Only  
JORDAN

**JORDAN EXPRESS CO.**  
PACKING & CRATING  
AIR & SEA FREIGHT  
TRAVEL & TOURISM  
Tel. 62722, 62723  
38141, 22565  
tlx. 21635 P.O. Box 2143

## TRANSPORTATION

For SHIPPING - TRAVEL & TOURISM  
AIR FREIGHT - PACKING  
**AMIN KAWAR & SONS**  
Travel & Tourism  
General Sales Agents for:  
SAS - Scandinavian Airlines  
Thai Airlines  
Tel. 37195, 22324-5-6-7-8-9  
Tlx. 21212, 21520, 21634  
P.O. Box 7806, Amman

**NATIONAL RENT-A-CAR**  
1981 MODELS AVAILABLE  
TEL. 39197-8

**Philadelphia Rent-A-Car**  
ALL NEW CARS  
FULLY INSURED  
Philadelphia Hotel  
Tel. 25194

**ORIENT TRANSPORT**  
FOR YOUR AIRFREIGHT, SEAFREIGHT, OVERLAND TRANSPORT, PACKING & HOUSEHOLD REMOVAL  
CONTACT US FOR A QUOTATION.  
TEL. AMMAN 64128-9-30  
AQABA 2135  
TLX. 21547 P.O. BOX 926499

**SATELLITE RENT-A-CAR**  
fleet & individual rental  
representatives  
toyota  
abdall / NEAR HOUSING BANK / TEL. 25767

## AQABA

Holiday Inn Aqaba  
ANNOUNCES  
THE BLUE LAGOON  
Tel. 4415

**MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant AQABA**  
Invites you to enjoy the best service and the delicious Chinese Cuisine in the most quiet atmosphere.  
Amman road  
Tel. 4633

**CHINA RESTAURANT**  
The first and best Chinese restaurant in Aqaba. Take-away service available.  
Open daily 11:30-3:30, 6:30 - 11:00 p.m. Tel 4415

**GHURA RESTAURANT**  
ABOVE HOMAM SUPERMARKET  
AGABA MUNICIPALITY

## MISCELLANEOUS

**SS**  
Civil Defence St.  
Tel. 63890

**Scandinavian Show Room**  
See the latest in Danish sitting room furniture, wall units and bedrooms, at Scandinavian Showroom. We have a large selection of sitting rooms in luxurious Chintz material. Furniture available tax-free to those entitled.

On the occasion of Christmas and the New Year  
**AL ZUHOUR TOY STORES**  
Jabal Al Hussein, Amman, Khalid Ibn Al Walid Street, at Sukeina School Circle  
Offers a SPECIAL 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT on each purchase, and a free children's gift.

**FINLANDIA** VISIT THE NEW FINLANDIA SHOWROOM  
DISTINCTIVE GIFTS OF ALL SORTS  
FINNISH DESIGN GLASS & EARTHENWARE  
HOME & OFFICE FURNITURE  
Our new Tel. No. 39494  
See map for directions.

Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.

# NATIONAL



Irbid municipal council members led by Mayor Abdul Razzaq Tabeishat (fourth from left at table) discuss local government with University of Jordan students Tuesday (Petra photo)

## Students learn local government problems from the practitioners

By Suzanne Zamut-Black  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Dec. 30 — Keen on exposing University of Jordan students to some practical experience in local government, the Department of Public Administration at the university arranged for what turned out yesterday to be a very lively one-day seminar.

The hundreds of students who filled the big auditorium of the Faculty of Economics and Commerce, where the seminar was held, listened intently while five members of the Irbid municipal council, led by Mayor Abdul Razzaq Tabeishat, reported on recent achievements, aspirations and fr-

ustrations they face, especially in dealing with the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment.

Three representatives of the ministry, also attending, wasted no time in putting forward their points of view, while the Department of Public Administration provided moderation in the person of its chairman, Dr. Bashir Khadra.

Dr. Tabeishat dealt at length with the new municipalities law currently under review. He criticized many aspects of the law, with special reference to the limitations it imposes on the municipalities. He complained that it restricts the power of the mayor to attending meetings, signing letters

and appearing at parties and celebrations.

The mayor and other members of the municipal council vehemently attacked the policy of assigning a "city manager" to be attached to each municipality. They said they considered that such a post should be elective rather than assigned, if the government is to be truly local.

In demanding more authority for the municipalities, Dr. Tabeishat condemned the red tape that hampers many projects. He asked for better technical staff in the ministry and for an increase in the budget, so that fewer projects would depend on loans.

He then gave an account of Irbid's long history, dating back to the Roman era when, as Arabella, it was a member of the Decapolis league. More recently, it has been able to boast of an 11-member municipal council that includes three doctors, an engineer, a pharmacist and a lawyer, besides a number of former national government officials.

One member of the council, the lawyer Mr. Ibrahim Matalla, also assessed the new municipalities law. He said similar legislation is applied in neighbouring countries, and has solved a lot of problems among citizens and between the public and the government.

Other council members gave accounts of subjects related to their specialties, such as city planning and financial affairs.

The Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs officials took an active part in the discussion—both on the defensive and the offensive. The minister's office manager insisted that the appointed city manager will act only as an executive under the control of the municipal council, and will be supervised by the mayor.

He also said that the amendment of the municipalities law comes as a result of recommendations by various mayors. Dr. Tabeishat, however, denied this. He said that he learned about the law for the first time in the newspapers. The mayor described the law as undemocratic and domineering. "Our opinions were not taken," he insisted.

Students' questions kept pouring in on pieces of paper throughout the session, and were answered during the last hour. They led to a discussion of the relationships between various ministries and a suggestion that one ministry be formed, be responsible for local administration. Another relationship that was discussed was that between the municipalities and the people. Here, the importance of public awareness was stressed, and the mayor suggested that the students participate in the municipality's public relations activities.

Problems of finance were also discussed, including budget and salaries. The mayor pointed out that he himself gets JD 270, a month, after a recent raise. Accordingly, he said, he has to depend on private sources of income. He also referred to an experiment in Salt, where the municipality has been injected with a great deal of private capital and expertise.

Taking a few minutes out from his various commitments as chairman of the Public Administration Department, and that day as moderator of the forum, Dr. Khadra explained to the Jordan Times the aim of the exercise. "We hope to achieve interaction between the university and the community," he said. "Local government is one of the fields of instruction in the department. Without bringing the practitioners to discuss real problems we feel that the training of students would be incomplete."

"This activity will provide the students with some practical outlook."

## 3 schoolgirls killed, 3 hurt by speeding car in Zarqa

ZARQA, Dec. 30 (J.T.) — Three schoolgirls were killed and three more were injured in an accident involving a runaway car on the Yajouz road, near Awajan triangle, yesterday.

The car, driven by a man identified as B.S.S., hit the six girls when the driver lost control at a very high speed. The six girls were rushed to hospital where Jihad Suleiman, 13 years old; Muayassar Muhammad Ali, 14, and Jihad Mahmoud Salem, 13, died. The other three girls — Taghrid Abdul Salam, 14; Nahidah Nayef Muhammad, 12, and Maryam Muhammad Ali, nine, sustained various injuries.

The driver of the car was reported to be in a state of shock and unable to speak.

## U.N. envoy concludes round of consultations

AMMAN, Dec. 30 (J.T.) — Prime Minister Mudar Badran received at his office yesterday Jordan's permanent representative at the United Nations Dr. Hazem Nusseibeh, Al Ra'i newspaper reported today.

Dr. Nusseibeh yesterday concluded consultations with senior Jordanian officials on a number of important current Middle East and international issues, on the occasion of Jordan's assumption of membership in the United Nations Security Council as of the beginning of 1982.

Dr. Nusseibeh, summoned here by the government a few days ago, will return to the United States within the coming two days.

Al Ra'i said it had learned that the government of Jordan will increase the membership of its diplomatic mission at the United Nations so that Dr. Nusseibeh can be free to assume the Security Council seat. The council will discuss important issues relating to the Middle East very soon, it said.

## Quarter-million new phone lines planned

By Maaz D. Shukayr  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Dec. 30 — The Telecommunications Corporation (TCC) will introduce more than 250,000 telephone lines by the end of 1985, Minister of Communications Muhammad Addouh Al Zaben announced today.

He told a press conference TCC schemes during the new five-year development plan also include better telephone and telex services and the luxuries of mobile telephones, direct national and international direct dialling, improved and rapid connections with neighbouring countries and an up-to-date directory in both Arabic and English.

Dr. Zaben said the number of telephones throughout the kingdom had risen from 52,356 lines at the end of 1979 to 71,014 lines on Dec. 28, 1981.

The five-year plan will provide 250,000 lines, he said. The installation of which more than 190,000 of these lines has either been awarded to particular firms or is in the tendering process, Dr. Zaben said.

Dr. Zaben said TCC allocations for the 1981-1985 plan exceed JD 106 million, adding that this "in itself" reflects "the extent of the government's belief in telecommunications as an essential element in the infrastructure for the Jordanian development projects."

The size of the allocations also "reflects confidence in the corporation's administration, executive body and plans," he added.

## Mufti meets Chinese women

AMMAN, Dec. 30 (J.T.) — A visiting delegation of Chinese women met with Minister of Social Development Ibrahim Al Mufti here today and was briefed on the activities of Jordanian women and their role in Jordanian social and economic development.

The three-member delegation, led by All China Women's Federation International Department Vice Director Yang Liuying, arrived here from China this morning for a five-day visit to Jordan at the invitation of the Ministry of Social Development. In their meeting with Mrs. Mufti, the delegation members explained the activities of Chinese women and their role in China's development. They also expressed the desire to strengthen social cooperation between Jordanian and Chinese women's federations in social affairs, particularly in child care.

The Chinese delegation, which will leave for Muscat on Jan. 3, is expected to make a tour of social institutions as well as archaeological sites in the country.



Minister of Communications Muhammad Al Zaben (head of table, second from left) addresses a press conference Wednesday (Staff photo by Youssef Al Allan)

Projects currently being implemented, he said, include a JD 10.5 million scheme to expand and raise the efficiency of telephone networks in Amman. This project will provide Amman with no less than 110,850 new telephone lines, he added.

The minister, who is also president of the TCC board of directors, said a JD 560,527 project is currently under way to double the capacity of the existing 2032-line telex exchange, and to mechanise telegraph services in post offices throughout the kingdom.

Work is also under way to provide 136,000 telephone lines in Jordan's rural areas, he said.

The JD 36.5 million project, financed through a Franco-Jordanian financial protocol, calls for the installation of six central electronic exchanges in Irbid, Jerash, Zarqa, Salt, Madaba and Ashrafyah (Amman), and more than 70 satellite exchanges in various parts of the country.

Dr. Zaben said this project is "TCC's contribution towards the achievement of the national development plan's long-range objective of providing those basic services that will curb immigration from the rural areas to the cities."

A Japanese loan of 962.5 million yen will double the Abdal exchange's 10,000 lines, Wadi Seer's 5,000 and Marja's 4,000, Dr. Zaben said.

In downtown Amman, a new 20,000-line exchange will replace the existing one, while a new 45,000-line exchange will be added to serve the area, he added.

Aqaba will also get a new 7,000-line exchange, Dr. Zaben said.

Dr. Zaben said the French company Thomson CSF was scheduled to complete work on Jordan's National and International Switching Centre. But "radical administrative changes" within

the company had "affected its production schedules" and it has not been able to meet its commitments in France, Greece and Jordan, he said.

Jordan, therefore, "sought the intervention of the French government's competent (telecommunications) administration" to force the company to give the Jordanian project "topmost priority" in its new production schedule, he said.

The minister said the "temporary satellite" installed by Thomson CSF in Amman to provide one-way direct dialling through the French national and international switching centre will continue operating until Jordan takes delivery of its own centre from CSF.

He said the French administration was approached to facilitate two-way direct dialling for a number of Jordanian subscribers. Tenders will soon be opened for a \$12 million mobile telephone project which will initially provide 2,000 lines operating within a radi-

us of 30 kilometres from downtown Amman, Dr. Zaben said. TCC officials are also evaluating bids for a JD 4.1 million project to expand microwave links between the various exchanges in the Amman area, he said.

The minister said the TCC is now evaluating bids for the publication of 85,000 copies of a new telephone directory of two volumes: one for Amman and the other for the rest of the country. He said a specialised publishing house had contracted to issue a directory in English.

The TCC is also "in the final stages" of awarding a tender for the construction of 420 microwave circuits between Jordan and Iraq, he said. The cost within Jordanian territory is estimated at JD 400,000, he added.

A tender for consultancy services for a regional coaxial cable linking Syria, Jordan and Saudi Arabia will be floated within the next two weeks, he said. The cost for the Jordanian part of the cable is estimated at JD 8 million.

## Oman gets school textbooks, curricula 'made in Jordan'

AMMAN Dec. 30 (Petra) — A team of Jordanian school textbook writers has written primary and preparatory-level books to be used by Omani students, Amman Education Council Director Abdul Latif Arabiyat announced today.

Speaking at a meeting attended by a visiting Omani education delegation, Dr. Arabiyat said that the newly published textbooks were of very high quality, and match in their contents those used in other Arab states. The books were written in implementation of a technical and cultural cooperation agreement between Jordan and Oman, Dr. Arabiyat said.

The Jordanian team has also worked out a comprehensive educational curriculum for Omani students of all academic stages, he added.

An Omani delegation spokesman expressed his country's deep appreciation for the Jordanian assistance, and stressed the need for continued educational cooperation between the two countries.

## Photo exhibit displays history of Jordan cities

AMMAN, Dec. 30 (Petra) — Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'an Abu Nawar opened at the Haya Arts Centre here today a photographic exhibition entitled "Our Cities Between the Past and the Present."

The exhibition, organised by the Department of National Libraries, Documentation and Archives (DNLA), in cooperation with the Jordan National Geographic Centre (JNGC), marks Jordan's third National Archives Week and the advent of the year 1982, dedicated to Jordan's national culture.

On display are several photographs depicting the development of Jordanian cities.

The opening ceremony was attended by DNLA Director General Ahmad Sharkas, the director of the JNGC and the director of the Department of Culture and Arts, as well as a large public audience.

## Business looks at Japan, Denmark

AMMAN, Dec. 30 (Petra) — The Amman Chamber of Industry has sounded out Jordanian businessmen on the possibility of developing their industrial concerns, or establishing new industries to complementing theirs, in cooperation with Japanese businesses.

According to the chamber's board chairman, Mr. Bandar Al Tabbat, the chamber also asked businessmen if they would like to establish joint industrial ventures with Danish firms, obtain Danish expertise for their industries or manufacture Danish products under Danish licence.

A delegation of Jordanian businessmen will be formed soon to go to Denmark to visit industrial concerns and explore the possibility of fruitful cooperation between Jordanian and Danish industries, Mr. Tabbat said.

JORDAN TIMES  
Tel: 67171

### Today's Weather

It will be partly cloudy, with northwesterly moderate winds and a slight increase in temperature. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

	Overnight low	Daytime high
Amman	6	15
Aqaba	10	23
Deserts	16	5
Jordan Valley	11	24

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 13, Aqaba 21. Humidity readings: Amman 51 per cent, Aqaba 49 per cent.

### WHAT'S GOING ON

#### Exhibitions

- \* Paintings by French "neo-realists," at the Jordan National Gallery.
- \* The Department of National Libraries, Documentation and Archives, in cooperation with the Jordan National Geographic Centre, presents a photographic exhibition entitled "Our Cities between the Past and the Present," at the Haya Arts Centre.

### AQABA ORIENTAL RESTAURANT (formerly Al Rimai)

The management announces the opening of the restaurant under its new management on Thursday, Dec. 31, 1981. We also wish our patrons a happy New Year and offer them the most delicious oriental and western foods.

- \* Grilled meat \* Musakhan \* Oriental mezze
- Aqaba tel: 4646

### NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

#### Isotope therapy lab planned

AMMAN, Dec. 30 (J.T.) — Al Ra'i newspaper reported today that an establishment for isotope therapy was to be set up in Jordan. It quoted sources familiar with the project as saying that efforts are now being made to draw up the statutes determining the duties and affiliation of the establishment.

#### Fees imposed for store signs

AMMAN, Dec. 30 (Petra) — Amman Mayor Isam Ajlouni today issued instructions requesting merchants and businessmen to pay fees for their stores' signs when they submit applications for licence renewal. The mayor requested the Amman Chamber of Industry to circulate the instructions to all commercial and industrial concerns in Amman. Fees will be assessed in accordance with the size of signs and posters put up by the various concerns. The municipality will make an inspection tour later in order to ensure that these instructions are being observed, the mayor said.

#### Chinese women meet Jordanian

AMMAN, Dec. 30 (Petra) — A visiting Chinese women's delegation this evening met at the YWCA headquarters with members of the General Federation of Jordanian Women, and women representatives of various social sectors. Minister of Social Development Ibrahim Al Mufti, who was present at the meeting, briefed the Chinese guests on the condition of Arab inhabitants under Israeli occupation rule, and paid tribute to Chinese women for their support of Palestinian women's struggle to regain their rights. During the meeting, the Chinese delegation was briefed on Jordanian women's role in the country's development and their achievements in various fields. The delegation members also talked about Chinese women's achievements.

#### Fines, prison for offenders

AMMAN, Dec. 30 (Petra) — The military court has sentenced Atef Sa'id Zahrah to three months in prison and a fine of JD 100, in addition to the closure of his shop for one month, and has sentenced four Jordanian merchants to one month in prison, for violating Ministry of Supply regulations. The court has also sentenced Farid Qasem Sharif and As'ad Salam Al Yusef to three years in prison and a fine of JD 200 each. The court found these two persons guilty of offering a bribe to a government employee. The military governor approved these sentences today.

كلمة من السيد

# Jordan

Responsible Editor: MOHAMMAD AL-KHOURI

Editor: SAMI C. KHOURI

Managing Editor: MAAL D. SHEHA

Publication Office: JORDANIAN PRESS

Address: P.O. Box 100, Amman, Jordan

Telephone: 521111

Subscription Rates: \$100 per year in advance

## RED AND BLACK

### The Budget Law: An action document

By Jawad Ahmad

The discussion of the annual budget is an opportunity to revise government policies during the year passed, and to weather its intentions for a year to come. Thus, it offers a unique chance to discuss over-all economic and social policies over a period of two years.

On Monday, December 28, the NCC (National Consultative Council) took to task the discussion of the 1982 budget law as submitted by the Government. However, the Monday discussions had been preceded by seven exhaustive sessions between the minister of finance and his staff on one side and the NCC's Financial and Administrative Committee on the other. The outcome of all these deliberations and speeches was more than satisfactory.

The major points of interest which emerged out of the discussions were the following:

First there seems to be a gra-

dual growth of consensus on some of the major issues. While two years ago, the government was concentrating on the politically motivated goal of adequate supply of commodities regardless of their source, the Government and the Council believe that emphasis on relying on domestic sources is the better course of action. Although such a shift in thinking has not yet matured to accept the implications, the readiness to sacrifice is more tolerated.

Second, the annual deficit in the budget and the resultant cumulative deficit seems to be a headache to everyone involved. The Government seems to believe that the deficit is a form of burden shifting from one generation to the other, while the members of the NCC talk about it in more ambitious terms. However, they still are not ready to bear the burden of bridging that deficit whether

that be by an increase in taxation or a decrease in expenditures.

Third, one of the positive attitudinal developments which revealed themselves in the discussions of the budget law was the concentration by NCC members on global aspects rather than the specific demands of the region which each respective NCC member represents. Could that be a by-product of the maximum no taxation without representation?

Four, some of the NCC members insist that the discussions of the budget should not be restricted to the budget as such. One member justified his call for further democratisation under the pretext that "a budget is not an aggregate of mute figures. It is an opportunity to discuss all policies." This rationale was not unanimously accepted especially by those members who

held that the discussion of major issues with the budget would lead to the obviation of the more relevant budget issues.

Six, the Government's response, as presented by the Prime Minister, was rational, cordial and specific. Above all, the government's response showed how much respect it held for the NCC, and proved beyond doubt that the government was well aware of the budget and its contents. The attitude of "take it or leave it" did not appear in any single statement in the Prime Minister's address.

The discussion of the budget law itself has not been tackled here. For further information on that, a reader may refer to the Jordan Times issue of Tuesday, Dec. 29. What I sought to do here was to illustrate the "budget behind doors" that are not closed anymore.

## Begin defies

Washington has reacted coolly to the strong attack on the Reagan Administration by Mr. Menachem Begin, Israel's prime minister. David Lennan, in Tel Aviv explains why Mr. Begin is completely unrepentant about his decision to annex the Golan Heights and is unlikely to deviate from his hard-line position.



"What sort of talk is that, to punish Israel? Are we a vassal state of yours? Are we a banana republic? Are we 14-year-olds whose knuckles you rap if we don't behave ourselves? You will not frighten us with punishments."

With these, and other, harsh words Mr. Menachem Begin, Israel's prime minister, brushed aside America's decision to suspend its new strategic co-operation agreement with Israel following the Israeli "annexation" of the Golan Heights from Syria.

His denunciation of the United States has raised new questions about the direction of Israeli foreign policy. It has revived fears that, out of a sense of total isolation Mr. Begin could turn his back on the Camp David agreement and halt Israel's withdrawal from the Sinai. There is also apprehension that, with the rest of the world preoccupied by the crisis in Poland, Mr. Begin could even launch a war in Lebanon or against Syria.

Most Israelis support his angry charge that Washington is treating Israel like a vassal state. But even his own cabinet ministers wince privately at the abusive tone Mr. Begin chose to use. The suspension of the cooperation agreement, he said, was a grievous insult. The accompanying suspension of up to \$350m of military orders from Israel was classic anti-Semitism. "What do you want to do, hit us in the pockets?" he asked at his press conference.

Not all Israelis share Mr. Begin's view of "fortress Israel." "The government appears to be totally oblivious to the cumulative effects of its unilateral action," wrote Mr. Gideon Rafael, a former director-general of the Israeli foreign ministry in the Jerusalem Post.

But it is clear that Mr. Begin — and his Government — do not believe that Washington will actually impose lasting sanctions on Israel. The suspension of deliveries of F16 military aircraft this summer after Israel's bombing of the Iraqi nuclear reactor, for example, caused the country no real harm. It merely forced the air force to reschedule its timetable for phasing out ageing aircraft by a few weeks.

The U.S. decision not to proceed for the moment with discussions on some Israeli proposals to promote U.S. purchases of defence related goods and services in Israel, and to allow Israel to use some foreign military sales credit funds to purchase Israeli produced goods and services has worried local industrialists. They fear that the loss of up to \$350m in orders could deal a severe blow to the military industries which are already suffering from cutbacks by the Israeli armed forces.

Even if Egypt then changed its policy towards Israel following the withdrawal and once again became a confrontation state, Israel would be faced with only one effective military front. The potential for a clash in Lebanon is also considered to have been heightened by the events of the last week.

Mr. Begin clearly does not intend to deviate from his hardline position. Recalling the civilian casualties caused by the U.S. action in Vietnam or "body counts" as he described them, Mr. Begin told the American Ambassador in Tel Aviv on Sunday: "You have no moral right to lecture us."

What happens next is hard to predict. It could be decided by the way the U.S. acts on January 5 when the U.N. Security Council meets to discuss imposing sanctions on Israel.

If Washington does not use its veto, then a further deterioration in relations between Washington and Jerusalem will be unavoidable.

But it is clear that Mr. Begin — and his Government — do not believe that Washington will actually impose lasting sanctions on Israel. The suspension of deliveries of F16 military aircraft this summer after Israel's bombing of the Iraqi nuclear reactor, for example, caused the country no real harm. It merely forced the air force to reschedule its timetable for phasing out ageing aircraft by a few weeks.

The U.S. decision not to proceed for the moment with discussions on some Israeli proposals to promote U.S. purchases of defence related goods and services in Israel, and to allow Israel to use some foreign military sales credit funds to purchase Israeli produced goods and services has worried local industrialists. They fear that the loss of up to \$350m in orders could deal a severe blow to the military industries which are already suffering from cutbacks by the Israeli armed forces.

Even if Egypt then changed its policy towards Israel following the withdrawal and once again became a confrontation state, Israel would be faced with only one effective military front. The potential for a clash in Lebanon is also considered to have been heightened by the events of the last week.

Mr. Begin clearly does not intend to deviate from his hardline position. Recalling the civilian casualties caused by the U.S. action in Vietnam or "body counts" as he described them, Mr. Begin told the American Ambassador in Tel Aviv on Sunday: "You have no moral right to lecture us."

What happens next is hard to predict. It could be decided by the way the U.S. acts on January 5 when the U.N. Security Council meets to discuss imposing sanctions on Israel.

If Washington does not use its veto, then a further deterioration in relations between Washington and Jerusalem will be unavoidable.

## ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

### Africa the brave

AL RA'I: The brave African reaction to Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights is a sensible and positive stand that should be consolidated to prevent Israeli re-infiltration into Africa. This infiltration was begun by Sharon who boasted that it would lead to the resumption of diplomatic relations with a large number of African states.

This African stand adopted by the states which were visited by the Israeli defence minister reminds the Arabs that the "good Arab seeds" which were planted in Africa have born fruit and can be expected to yield more if the Arab situation measures up to the challenges. It must be stressed that Arab-African relations need to be tended all the time and this necessitates the establishment of a strong Arab structure and a joint action plan which would enable the African brothers to see the one and clear Arab line.

It is Israel's wish to re-infiltrate Africa. The Arabs must block its way by launching a wide-scale diplomatic campaign in Africa expressing their appreciation for the brave African stand and in order to strengthen the Arab-African bridges. The African brothers who punished Israel before and punished it again for annexing the Golan Heights have evinced their practical support for Arab rights. The Arabs must respond by providing these brothers with the strength capable of enabling them to avoid falling in any future Israeli traps.

Israel's presence in Africa is of no less danger to the Arabs than the Israeli practices in the Golan Heights and the rest of the occupied Arab lands. Hence the Arabs must foil Israel's return to Africa by adopting efficient policies and measure that can achieve this goal.

### Don't play it again Sam

AL DUSTOUR: Washington is hinting that it will oppose any United Nations Security Council resolution imposing punishment on the Zionist entity and that it might veto any international step in this direction. We hope that these hints are not true because any U.S. stand of this sort will jeopardise Arab-U.S. relations in addition to the repercussions that might result from Israel's carrying out its decision to annex the Golan Heights. These grave repercussions surely reflect on the region and world peace and security.

In order to establish a strong stand, the Arabs must hurry their differences, strengthen their solidarity and coordinate their efforts. Only then will Israel and the United States have any consideration of the Arab stand.

## North America council raps Abu-Ein extradition

Editor's note: The following is the statement issued on Dec. 13, 1981 by the Palestinian Council of North America, P.O. Box 9621, Washington D.C. 20016

On the extradition of Ziad Abu-Ein to Israel

On Saturday December 12, United States authorities handed over to the Israeli government Ziad Abu-Ein, a 21-year-old Palestinian, who had been held in a Chicago jail for 2½ years. The decision to extradite Ziad is a clear violation of the most basic of human rights. Moreover, it is a statement on the travesty of justice that Palestinian and Arab Americans may receive in this country. It further reaffirmed the substantiated doubts of Arab Americans that the American justice system can provide them with fair and unbiased judgements where the unquestioning U.S. relationship with Israel is concerned.

Ziad Abu-Ein, who spent 29 months in prison awaiting a decision on Israel's request to extradite him, is being charged by the state of Israel with participating in a bombing incident in Tiberias in May 1979. Ziad repeatedly denied any involvement in this incident, and has submitted 14 affidavits testifying that he was in his hometown, Romallah, 120 miles from Tiberias, on the day in question.

The only evidence that was ever presented by the State of Israel is a "confession" by a third-party Palestinian prisoner, Jamal Yassin — a confession written in Hebrew, a language Yassin does not understand, and signed in Arabic. Even though Yassin has recanted the forced confession on two occasions before Israeli lawyers, U.S. magistrates refused his recantation as evidence, and would not admit as evidence the 14 affidavits.

Palestinian and Arab Americans are deeply concerned with the implications raised by the decision of the U.S. State Department to have Ziad extradited.

One, Israel and its U.S. lobby have succeeded in manipulating the American judicial system for their own political purpose.

Two, Israel may use Ziad's case as a precedent against Palestinian human rights activists.

Three, by extraditing Ziad to Israel — where he will not only receive a fair trial, but will be subjected to the mistreatment which all Palestinians endure in Israeli jails, as documented by international agencies — the United States has undeniably demonstrated that it is totally insensitive to Palestinian human rights.

Four, by conducting the extradition in the manner in which it did, the U.S. State Department deceived Arab diplomatic circles by promising that no decision had been reached with regard to the case. Further, the U.S. State Department had arranged for a meeting to be held Thursday, December 17, to discuss Ziad's case with four Arab Ambassadors prior to any announcement or action in the case. Thus, the U.S. State Department behaved with total disrespect toward Arab governments and the Arab people.

Five, by extraditing Ziad, the U.S. State Department dismissed Arab Americans as a viable segment of U.S. society. The State Department did not take into consideration actions of Arab Americans, who had held scores of protests, mailed tens of thousands of telegrams to all areas concerned, and appealed by all democratic means available to them, stand today in total disillusionment with regard to their ability to participate in the democratic process, or to receive justice.

The decision to extradite Ziad will forever remain an overwhelming evidence of the selectivity in the American system of justice.

## Royalist Iranians await liberation

THE soldiers, in battle fatigue are gathered around the flag to take the salute as part of a ritual that begins a long day of rigorous training. It is just before sunrise and the barracks, a disused mudbrick school-building, looks like those heroic Hollywoodian outposts in the heart of desolation. Only the camera is absent — in fact all cameras are banned from this lonely chaos of rugged mountain in eastern Anatolia where the Prophet Noah once traversed in his ark during the flood.

The soldiers, mostly sporting awesome moustaches, could be Turks. But they aren't. A glance at the flag they are saluting tells the story. It is a tricolour: green, white and red with a golden lion and sun emblem shining at its heart: Iran's ancient flag, discarded by Ayatollah Khomeini's Islamic Republic.

Cap. F.B., a 33-year-old paratrooper who once served in Iran's peacekeeping force in Lebanon, headed one of the two bases until last August when he was badly wounded in an engagement with Khomeini's Revolutionary Guards. He was brought out of Iran and received treatment in West Germany. He arrived in Turkey early in November as a liaison officer with "the internal forces." He claims that "the whole nation is ready for an uprising."

"People are fed up," he said. "And they look up to the army to give the signal. Last time the people abandoned the army and saw what happened to the country. This time all Iranians know that the army and the people must not be separated."

There are at least two secret bases inside Iran that serve as something of a dual observation post for the counter-revolutionary army in Turkey. According to rumours, these bases are situated in Salmas and Naqada. Together, they contain a total of 1,400 officers and men, regular soldiers from all over Iran who now dress up as Kurdish tribesman to escape detection.

The exile military planners are aware that their only chance of success depends on two factors: speed and the cooperation of the army inside Iran. The first factor is not difficult to ensure. The region between the frontier and Tehran is thinly guarded with most of the army and Revolutionary Guards on the Iraq war front or ensuring the safety of leaders in the capital. A well-disciplined, tough and motivated force of professional soldiers could steamroll its way through regions that mostly support Ayatollah Kazem Shariatmadari, Khomeini's chief rival among the religious leaders.

But what if the army inside refuses to join in? The Iranian army, reconstituted because of the war with Iraq, now numbers an estimated 400,000 men. True, most of these consist of raw recruits with little fighting quality. The "best divisions" are committed to the front and would be unable to move as long as the war with Iraq continues. But Khomeini would still be able to put together enough cannon-fodder to stop the invading force. Also, the ayatollah, determined to defend his republic regardless of the costs, may simply order the abandoning of Khuzestan so that he can shift the army to defend Tehran. In that case the "liberation army" would only achieve an easy victory for Iraq.

It is on this basis that the "army in exile" is, as far as we could make out from conflicting views, looking to the army inside the country to play the key role in ending Khomeini's regime.

The "army in exile" is apparently planning to increase its strength to two full divisions. Most of the recruits are expected to come from army deserters crossing the border into Turkey almost every day. There are enough generals in exile to put up an army of half a million. But lower-ranking officers and NCOs are still too few. Hundreds of junior officers and NCOs have fled to Europe and the United States in the past three years and the counter-revolutionaries hope to attract most of them when things begin to move faster.

But it is clear that the exile commanders look to Iran's prisoners in Iraq as an important source of manpower. There are an estimated 100,000 such prisoners, reportedly including 2,000 officers and NCOs. Most of them, according to exile commanders, would welcome a chance to fight Khomeini alongside the "liberation army" now taking shape in Turkey. Tribal fighters are considered as auxiliaries only and not as potential members of the "liberation army."

"The tribesmen," Brig. E.P. explained, "are useless out of their own territory. Besides, they have little training in the use of modern weaponry."

The presence of at least two dozen highly-trained fighter-bomber pilots among the exile soldiers is an enigma. Is the "liberation army" envisaging the use of aircraft against Khomeini? And if yes, who would provide the aircraft and the airports from which to take off?

There are conflicting answers to these questions. But clearly, the exile commanders believe that when "the right moment" comes a large number of pilots now inside Iran would fly their aircraft out of the country. Alternatively, the pilots now training on the border could be smuggled into the Tabriz region where they could capture fighter-bombers stationed there.

There is, of course, talk of negotiations with Iraq so that Baghdad agrees to stay where it is and declare a ceasefire as soon as the signal for revolt is given. Former Premier Shahpour Bakhtiar, closely associated with Iraq for the past three years, is understood to be working on those lines.

With such an Iraqi undertaking the "liberation army" could immediately be joined by anti-Khomeini divisions in other provinces. The exiles even hope that the present commanders of the army would cross over to counter-revolution and assume leadership of the "liberation army" in conjunction with exile generals.

The navy, believed to favour its former commander Adm. Ahmad Madani is looked upon to make a simultaneous move into the southern provinces while Baluchi tribesmen in the southeast also rise in revolt. The great deal of energy and money spent on other tribal groups is also expected to bear fruit, making a nationwide rising against the ayatollah possible.

For the time being, however, the counter-revolutionaries have not yet succeeded in creating a unified command at least in military and diplomatic fields. The lower-ranking officers on the spot are strongly united. We talked to many of them belonging to different groupings. They all said that as officers they believed that the army must retain its unity. They refused to be drawn into political discussions. But it is clear that they want power for themselves. Turkey's army is looked upon as a model. They believe that Iran has experienced its hardship because the army was kept out of politics both under the late Shah, and under Khomeini.

If they ever seize power from Khomeini, they will certainly not do so merely to hand it over to the politicians. In more than a week of discussions and interviews we have nothing but contempt for the political leaders. There is a strong monarchist sentiment among them. Some even describe themselves as monarchists. But it is clear that they would accept a king

only as a figure-head, a sentimental symbol of the past. The older generals are unlikely to fare any better. The generation gap is simply too great.

Former President Bani-Sadr is also beginning to court the exiled officers, now that his original prediction of an early collapse of Khomeini's regime has proved incorrect. Bani-Sadr is becoming increasingly convinced that he cannot hope to return to power solely through the efforts of the Mujahedeen Khaliq guerrillas who, in any case, are making it clear that they consider the former president as no more than a dispensable figure head for the time being.

The officers and soldiers at the Turkish-Iranian borders may not have a great chance of success. But if they do succeed they will nullify any red-carpet to any person. Col. Behzad Moezzi, Bani Sadr's "defence minister" in exile, found this out during a recent visit to exile officers in Turkey. He was welcomed as a brother and warmly hugged. But when he asked for allegiance to the former president, he was told that the army should be loyal only to the nation and to its own "duties."

Meanwhile, life is hard for these would-be heroes. They are all owed two weeks off after every three months of "active duty" in Turkey or inside Iran's frontier regions. Most of them visit Paris or West Germany where they meet political leaders. Many of them still have their families inside Iran and fear for their safety.

Officially, they are in Turkey as "tourists" and are not allowed to appear in uniform outside remote regions. Turkish officials go to great lengths to deny their existence except as "friendly visitors on holiday." But this must be the only holiday everyone wants ended as quickly as possible. No one knows when the end would come. But many hope that by spring, when climatic conditions improve, the holiday may end and action may begin.

There is, indeed, the core of Mr. Begin's rule. He is a man with a belief in his mission as the redeemer and protector of the whole "land of Israel." He has his eye on the history books, and on the events which earn a man a place in them. He may be a stickler for legal detail, with a passionate love of signed agreements but Mr. Begin also knows that history has

usalem's Mea Shearim district interpret the Torah as saying that the Jews are a people, not a nation, and believe the Jewish state is illegal under religious law. They refuse to pay taxes or perform military service, and visitors to Mea Shearim are greeted by a huge wall notice saying 'Judaism and Zionism are diametrically opposed.' All Sabbath activity is forbidden, and cars entering Mea Shearim on Saturdays are stoned.

Two thousand Hassidic Jews live in Brooklyn, and many own stores in the big Manhattan diamond market, coming to work in traditional clothes. A similar number of Hassidim from different American cities demonstrated against Premier Begin on his recent visit to Washington, then joined Lebanese and Palestinians in a demonstration front of the White House.

## Hassidic Jewry protest against Israeli brutality

Russell Warren Howe reports on unusual steps taken by Hassidic Jews in the U.S. to protest against Zionism.

The Hassidic Jews of Brooklyn have taken out a full-page advertisement in Palestine Perspectives, the PLO organ in the U.S., to protest against Israeli brutality against ultra-orthodox Jews in Israel. Their organisation, Bnei Yeshivim, claims that the Jerusalem police called in the notorious border police to force a thousand men and children worshippers to leave a synagogue and Yeshiva (religious school) in the Mea Shearim district of Jerusalem.

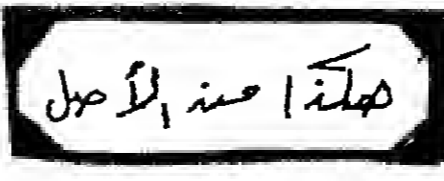
Tear-gas bombs marked: "Warning: may start fires. For outdoor use only. Made in U.S.A." were allegedly thrown through the windows of the syn-

agoge, and the occupants were forced to come out with hands raised.

The advertisement claims that many worshippers received broken bones and one had his skull fractured. Those arrested were "not allowed food nor the use of toilet facilities." They were "forced to sleep on bare floors." Religious books were trampled on and thrown out, says the statement which also claims that Mea Shearim's water supplies have been periodically cut off.

The advertisement, headed in both Hebrew and English "an urgent plea to all people of good will," asks readers of the magazine (mostly Arab students) to "come to the aid of these persecuted people languishing in prison, and to warn the Zionist authorities in the strongest terms against any repetition of the past disturbances."

The orthodox Jews of Jer-



# ECONOMY

## Kuwait international bonds top \$1.4b in seven years

KUWAIT, Dec. 30 (A.P.)—Eight investment and financial houses here made international bond issues totalling \$1.475 billion during the seven years ending this December, the government announced today.

The issues were made in favour of 64 international borrowers in 18 countries including Japan, France, Sweden, Finland, Spain, Yugoslavia and others.

The Kuwait houses that led, co-managed and contributed to the bond issues were the Kuwait International Investment Company, Kuwait Foreign Trading Contracting and Investment Company, Kuwait Investment Company, the Arab Financial Consultants Company, The Financial Group of Kuwait, the Kuwait Financial Centre, the Kuwait

International Finance Company, and the National Bank of Kuwait.

Among the key borrowers were the Korean Development Bank, the African Development Bank, Banco Nacional de Credit Rural (Mexico), Finnish Municipalities, and the Republic of Indonesia, said the announcement.

Also included on the borrowers side were Mitsubishi Heavy Industries of Japan, the City of Stockholm, the Swedish Export Credit Corporation, the Republic of Panama and Credit Lyonnais, it said.

The Kuwaiti group also made 23 domestic bond issues totalling \$350 million in favour of local businesses during the 1978-81 period, added the announcement.

PEKING, Dec. 30 (R)—China's main domestic bank today announced rises in interest rates and broader services to develop the banking system in line with the government's economic reforms.

The People's Bank of China, the central bank, will raise interest rates on deposits and loans next April 1. Rates for Chinese savers will go up to between 5.8 and 7.9 per cent for one to five-year deposits from between 5.4 and 6.8 per cent.

To compensate, the cost of loans to industry, commerce and agriculture, including to individual peasants, will be increased, said the New China News Agency said.

The increases were aimed at accumulating more funds and putting the money to more efficient use to help develop the national economy, it said. The bank hoped to absorb the increased amount of cash circulating among enterprises and individuals in the last few years due to post-Mao economic reforms.

Bank loans in renminbi, the Chinese currency, to joint-venture companies set up with both domestic and foreign investment would in future be made at a higher interest rate than that charged to domestic commercial borrowers, it said.

But pending a government decision on the new joint-venture interest rates they would continue to be charged the same as domestic enterprises, the bank said.

The bank would increase services available to its industrial clients by permitting them for the first time to hold fixed-term deposits like individual savers. It would also give them a wider choice of rates and start a new eight-year term deposit option.

The Chinese government is trying to make greater use of economic levers such as taxation and interest rates as part of its plan to modernise the economy by employing incentives.

It has taken steps to restrict the wasteful Maoist system whereby factories turn over all their profits to the state and are allocated capital investment interest-free in return.

The new interest rates will also apply to overseas Chinese who save with the People's Bank in renminbi.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (A.P.)—The United States' foreign trade deficit reached \$4.41 billion in November, pushing the total for the first 11 months of this year past the figure for all of 1980 and threatening the record red ink of 1978, new government figures indicated yesterday.

The merchandise trade deficit—which includes oil, farm products and manufactured goods but not services and investments—reached \$38.4 billion through November, about \$2 billion more than for all of last year, the commerce department reported.

And if December's imports outweigh exports by as much as November's \$4.4 billion, the 1981 overall figure will pass the \$42.4 billion record of 1978.

Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige commented some time ago that the deficit this year probably would be "several billion" higher than last year. But commerce officials refused to speculate on whether December's

expected deficit would be big enough to surpass the old peak.

"Just looking at your monthly average (about \$3.5 billion) and it's better than an even bet" that December will show a sizable deficit, said department economist Ago Ambre. "But nobody can forecast the trade balance" month to month, he added.

November's deficit was an improvement over October's \$5.3 billion with overall imports dropping 3.2 per cent to a seasonally adjusted \$23.53 billion and exports rising 0.4 per cent to an adjusted \$19.12 billion.

Among the three major categories, the biggest change was in manufactured goods, which showed a November deficit of \$800 million, about half the size of October's \$1.52 billion. That change included a \$328 million drop in imports of foreign cars and small increases in a wide variety of exported products.

Mr. Ambre said that recessions, such as the one now being suffered

in the United States, tend to bring down imports since people can't afford to buy as many foreign goods. However, he noted that many foreign economies have also been weak this year, and he declined to say how much this nation's economic problems at home may have affected its overall trade balance.

In the two other main categories in November, the report said:—Agricultural products, as usual, had a strong surplus—\$2.8 billion in November, up about \$164 million from October.

—Petroleum and related products, as usual, had a big deficit—\$6.07 billion, down \$54 million from October.

The slight improvement in oil imports was misleading, however, since it was due only to the fact that November had one less day for importing petroleum than did October. Imports averaged 6.29 million barrels a day in November, up from 6.24 million a day in October, the report showed.

### LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Dec. 30 (R)—Share prices closed firmer, extending yesterday's trend, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was up 5.4 at 529.4.

Further light buying interest in a thin market underpinned prices, outweighing the influence of a worsening U.K. industrial relations outlook, dealers added. Industrial leaders had ICI up 6p at 292p, Tate and Lyle 10p higher at 198p and gains of up to 6p in others such as BOC, Bowater, Glaxo and Blue Circle.

Gold shares were mixed as the bullion price held steady at the lower level.

Government bonds closed with gains of around 1/4 point. The firm trend was prompted by year end book squaring buying and trading was quiet, dealers said. They noted the issue of £500 million of the new three per cent treasury 1987 stock, but expected this specialist stock to have little impact on the rest of the market.

British Aluminium closed up 10p at 58p on further consolidation of the closure of its loss making invergordon smelter, while major shareholder Tabe Investments gained 8p to 128p. Oils were little changed, while banks added up to 10p.

### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, Dec. 30 (R)—Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today.

One sterling	1.9000/20	U.S. dollars
One U.S. dollar	1.1838/42	Canadian dollars
	2.2650/80	West German marks
	2.4900/40	Dutch guilders
	1.8030/80	Swiss francs
	38.38/45	Belgian francs
	5.7300/50	French francs
	1207.25/1208.25	Italian lire
	219.60/80	Japanese yen
	5.5675/5725	Swedish crowns
	5.8525/75	Norwegian crowns
	7.3650/3750	Danish crowns
One ounce of gold	396.00/396.75	U.S. dollars

### JORDAN TELEVISION FOR THURSDAY

CHANNEL 3

4:30	Koran
4:45	Cartoons
5:10	Children's Programme
7:05	Programme Preview
7:30	Documentary on Iraq
8:00	News in Arabic
8:30	Documentary on 1981 events
9:10	Arabic Series
10:10	Local Programme
11:30	Varieties
12:30	News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

6:00	French Programme
7:00	News in French
7:30	News in Hebrew
8:30	The Muppet Show
9:10	She
10:00	News in English
10:15	Movie of the Week: "The Thief who came to Dinner"

### FOR FRIDAY

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:03	Pop Session
11:00	Listeners' Choice
12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Friday Special
13:00	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	News
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	In Concert
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Pop Session
18:00	News Summary
18:30	Top Twenty
19:00	News Desk
19:30	Country Music
20:30	Over a Cup of Tea
21:00	Jazz Hour
22:00	Close down

### FOR FRIDAY

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:03	Pop Session
11:00	Listeners' Choice
12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Friday Special
13:00	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	News
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	In Concert
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Pop Session
18:00	News Summary
18:30	Top Twenty
19:00	News Desk
19:30	Country Music
20:30	Over a Cup of Tea
21:00	Jazz Hour
22:00	Close down

### FOR FRIDAY

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:03	Pop Session
11:00	Listeners' Choice
12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Friday Special
13:00	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	News
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	In Concert
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Pop Session
18:00	News Summary
18:30	Top Twenty
19:00	News Desk
19:30	Country Music
20:30	Over a Cup of Tea
21:00	Jazz Hour
22:00	Close down

### FOR FRIDAY

CHANNEL 3

10:00	Koran
10:20	Children's programme
11:00	Religious programme
12:50	Forest Ranger
13:45	Barbers
14:15	Soccer
15:03	Play Guitar
16:05	CHPS
17:30	Science and Life
18:00	Western Theatre
18:30	Feature Film
19:30	Religious Programme
20:00	News in Arabic
20:30	Arabic Series
21:30	Local Variety Programme
22:00	Arabic series
23:00	News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

6:00	French Programme
7:00	News in French
7:30	News in Hebrew
8:30	Mary Tyler Moore Show
9:10	I remember Nelson
10:00	News in English
10:15	Feature film: "Flamingo Road"

### FOR FRIDAY

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:03	Pop Session
11:00	Listeners' Choice
12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Friday Special
13:00	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	News
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Over a Cup of Tea
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Melody Time
17:30	In Concert
18:00	News Summary
18:30	Play of the Week
19:00	News
19:30	Top Twenty
20:30	Classical Music
21:00	Old Favourites
22:00	Close down

### FOR FRIDAY

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:03	Pop Session
11:00	Listeners' Choice
12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Friday Special
13:00	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	News
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Over a Cup of Tea
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Melody Time
17:30	In Concert
18:00	News Summary
18:30	Play of the Week
19:00	News
19:30	Top Twenty
20:30	Classical Music
21:00	Old Favourites
22:00	Close down

### FOR FRIDAY

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:03	Pop Session
11:00	Listeners' Choice
12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Friday Special
13:00	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	News
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Over a Cup of Tea
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Melody Time
17:30	In Concert
18:00	News Summary
18:30	Play of the Week
19:00	News
19:30	Top Twenty
20:30	Classical Music
21:00	Old Favourites
22:00	Close down

### RADIO JORDAN

655 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

FOR THURSDAY

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:03	Pop Session
11:00	Listeners' Choice
12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Friday Special
13:00	News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	News
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Over a Cup of Tea
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Special Feature
17:30	Pop Session

### BBC WORLD SERVICE

FOR THURSDAY & FRIDAY

630, 720, 1413 KHz

GMT

04:00	Newsdesk 04:30 Classical Record Review 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Waltz 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Nature Notebook 06:40 The Farming World 07:00 World News; 24 Hours: News Summary 07:30
-------	---

### SELECTED CHANGES FOR FRIDAY

05:30	Operetta 07:30 Guitar Workshop 08:30 Frank Muir Goes Into Festivals 11:15 In the Meantime 12:15 Jazz for the Asking 13:30 Frost Fairs and Winter Pastimes 15:15 As I Saw It 18:30 The Rewards of Music 19:00 As I Saw It 23:30 Michael Srogoff
-------	--

### FOR SATURDAY

GMT

04:00	Newsdesk 04:30 Classical Record Review 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Waltz 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Nature Notebook 06:40 The Farming World 07:00 World News; 24 Hours: News Summary 07:30
-------	---

### AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

### FOR THURSDAY

ARRIVALS:

8:00	Cairo (EA)
8:45	Cairo
8:55	Aqaba
9:00	Damascus
9:30	Jeddah
9:40	Dhahran
9:45	Kuwait
9:50	Cairo
9:50	Ras Al Khaimah, Dubai
10:00	Doha, Bahrain
10:00	Beirut (KAC)
10:25	Kuwait (AF)
11:05	Riyadh (SV)
15:30	Kuwait (KAC)
16:30	Cairo
16:55	Aqaba
17:00	Athens
17:25	London (BA)
17:30	London
17:45	New York, Vienna
18:00	Cairo
18:15	Amsterdam, Beirut (KLM)
19:30	Rome
20:30	Frankfurt (LH)
20:30	Beirut (MEA)
21:55	Beirut
01:00	Baghdad
02:45	Baghdad

DEPARTURES

3:15	Budapest
3:30	Cairo
6:15	Frankfurt (LH)
6:30	Damascus
6:45	Beirut
7:00	Aqaba
9:00	Cairo (EA)
9:25	Beirut (MEA)
10:30	Beirut (MEA)
11:00	Amsterdam, New York
11:15	Athens
11:25	Madrid, Casablanca
11:30	Cairo
11:45	Geneva, Brussels
12:00	Geneva, Zurich (AF)
12:00	Paris, London
12:15	Riyadh (SV)
13:00	Cairo
15:00	Aqaba
16:30	Kuwait (KAC)
18:30	Beirut
19:00	Kuwait
20:15	Baghdad
20:30	Abu Dhabi, Dubai
22:45	Baghdad

### FOR FRIDAY

ARRIVALS:

8:00	Cairo (EA)
8:55	Aqaba
9:40	Kuwait
9:45	Dubai, Abu Dhabi
9:45	Cairo
10:00	Dhahran
10:10	Beirut
15:35	Jeddah, Medina (SV)
15:45	Tripoli
16:45	Tripoli, Tunis
17:15	Houston, N. York, Vienna
17:30	Kuwait (KAC)
17:50	Paris
17:55	Brussels, Geneva
17:40	Madrid, Athens
18:00	Frankfurt
19:35	London
19:35	Frankfurt (LH)
19:45	Paris (AF)
20:00	Beirut (MEA)
23:55	Baghdad

DEPARTURES

3:30	Cairo
6:00	Beirut, Amsterdam (KLM)
6:30	Beirut
7:00	Cairo
9:00	Aqaba
9:25	Beirut (MEA)
9:30	London (BA)
11:00	Vienna, N. York, Houston
11:10	Athens, Copenhagen
12:00	London
16:35	Medina, Jeddah (SV)
16:45	Tripoli
18:25	Kuwait (KAC)
18:50	Abu Dhabi
19:00	Kuwait
19:15	Riyadh (SV)
19:20	Bahrain, Doha
19:20	Dhahran
19:20	Jeddah
19:30	Baghdad
19:35	Abu Dhabi
20:30	Dubai, Karachi
23:30	Baghdad

### FOR SATURDAY

ARRIVALS:

8:00	Cairo (EA)
8:45	Cairo
8:55	Aqaba
9:30	Jeddah
9:40	Dhahran
9:45	Kuwait
9:50	Cairo
9:50	Ras Al Khaimah, Dubai
10:00	Doha, Bahrain
10:00	Beirut (KAC)
10:25	Kuwait (AF)
11:05	Riyadh (SV)
15:30	Kuwait (KAC)
16:30	Cairo
16:55	Aqaba
17:00	Athens
17:25	London (BA)
17:30	London
17:45	New York, Vienna
18:00	Cairo
18:15	Amsterdam, Beirut (KLM)
19:30	Rome
20:30	Frankfurt (LH)
20:30	Beirut (MEA)
21:55	

# SPORTS

## 'Clean' World Cup draw predicted

MADRID, Dec. 30 (A.P.) — "The draw for the final phase of the world soccer championship will be clean," said the president of the Spanish Soccer Federation Pablo Porta, today.

Porta, in a news conference, said the draw, which will be held in Madrid next Jan. 16, "will be the same as in past World Cups."

The final phase of the world soccer championship will be played in Spain from June 13 to July 11 next year.

Porta said the FIFA-Federatioo Interatioonal FIFA-Federatioo Interatioonal Football Association will study a proposal made by Hermann Neuberger, president of the organising commission of the FIFA, adopted and agreed on by European members in a meeting held in Zurich last Dec. 10.

The proposal would rank the five nations which have previously won the World Cup as top seeded, with the host country Spain.

The cup-winning nations are Argentina, present world champion, West Germany, Italy, Bra-

zil, and England, which would be in the first drum with Spain.

The proposal also calls for three more drums with six of the other 18 qualified nations in each one, Porta said.

In the second drum would be six "strong countries"—the Soviet Union, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Hungary, Poland and Austria. In the third drum six "fairly strong teams"—Belgium, France, Chile, Peru, Scotland and Ireland—and in the fourth drum would be "the weakest nations"—Cameroro, Algeria, Honduras, El Salvador, Kuwait and China or New Zealand.

Porta said the draw would be realised "in this manner if FIFA approves it in its meeting in Madrid next January 15, one day before the day of the draw."

He said this system of draw "was the same as in past World Cup held in Argentina and West Germany, and it is to prevent the better teams knocking each other out of the competitioo in the first round."

He also said the seeded nations had already chosen their sites in the first round, if FIFA agrees.

Porta said present champion Argentina had chosen the site of Alicante. Italy would play in Vigo, West Germany in Gijon, Brazil in Sevilla, England in Bilbao and Spain in Valencia.

Porta thinks that Poland and El Salvador, both nations which have political problems, would be in Spain to take part in the World Cup.

He said FIFA's president Joao Havelange was in a good positioo to go to both countries to ensure that their national selections participate.

He also said if the participation of both nations were impossible, they would be replaced, according to FIFA's rules, by East Germany and Mexico respectively.

East Germany was behind Poland in the qualifying group, while Mexico was behind El Salvador.

Regarding the threat of terrorism in Spain during the World Cup, Porta said the interior ministry has a security plan to ensure the safe organioo of the World Cup as well as the protection of the participants, leaders and fans.

He also said the federatioo will publish a guide book to help all foreign fans coming to Spain to watch the competitioo.

## Australia wins 'Lillee's test'

MELBOURNE, Dec. 30 (A.P.) — Australia won the first cricket test against the West Indies at the Melbourne Cricket Grouod (MCG) today.

Australia woo by 58 runs when champion fast-bowler Dennis Lillee trapped Michael Holding lbw in his second over this morning. The West Indies were 161 all out.

Lillee, attempting a hat-trick after taking two Windies wickets last night, failed to complete the sought after feat.

Geoff Lawson bowled the second over but it was left to Lillee to give Australia victory with the first ball of his second over.

Although he failed to get the hat-trick Lillee did equal the world record of having taken ten wickets or more in a test match oo seven occasions.

The loss to Australia is the first the West Indies has suffered in its last 16 tests.

Before today the West Indies had been considered the world's best cricket team with undefeated

series wins against England in England, Pakistan in Pakistan and England in the West Indies.

Australia's Kim Hughes was voted "man of the match".

The big crowd, allowed into the MCG free for the final day, watched anxiously when play started.

Lillee had two balls left in his over from the previous night and still had the chance to get a hat-trick. But it was to be an anti-climax.

After Lawson's over it was momentarily thought that perhaps Holding and Colin Croft—numbers 10 and 11 in their team's batting order—could get the 66 runs the West Indies oee-

ded to win.

But the amazing Lillee quickly put paid to those suggestions. Bowling on the stumps, oo a wicket badly cracked and virtually grassless, Lillee notched his 10th wicket for the match and ended one of the best test games seen for many years.

The match will first and foremost go down in the history books as 'Lillee's test'.

The fast bowler not only took out the world record for the number of test wickets taken but also put Australia well on the way to regaining the "World's best team" tag right from under the West Indies.

## Vilas knocked out of Australian tennis

MELBOURNE, Dec. 30 (A.P.) — The powerful serves of American Hank Pfister sent top-seeded Guillermo Vilas of Argentina reeling out of the \$400,000 Marlboro Australian Open oo Kooyong here today.

Vilas, a two-time winner here, succumbed in straight sets, 6-3, 6-4, 6-4.

After the match Vilas, a supporter of the national titles for the past five years, said he will not return unless he had a proper grass court build-up which would include playing the New South Wales Open in Sydney.

Because of Davis Cup commitments in America, Vilas played only doubles in the state titles this year.

"I needed more and more matches to do well on grass," he said. He usually precedes his attack for the Australian championship with a long and solid preparation.

However, the Argentinean adm-

itted he was not in the match. "Everything I was doing he was doing better," he said.

"I wasn't volleying well and I was serving well only in patches. I couldn't put it together," Vilas said.

Vilas left Melbourne tonight for New York where he will cootest next month's Grand Prix Masters eight-man play-off.

Of the 11 Grand Prix tournament finals he has reached the past year, Vilas has won in Houston, Argentina and Egypt.

Pfister said he had an edge on Vilas because he had played a similar opponent in young Swede Hans Simonsson yesterday.

Kim Warwick, the runner up here last year, swept past fellow Australian Phil Dent 6-3, 6-3, 6-0. He will meet Pfister in the quarterfinals.

Fourth-seeded South African Johan Kriek ousted Chris Lewis of New Zealand in a five-set tussle on the centre court.

## Seb Coe named athlete of the year by Italian newspaper

MILAN, Italy, Dec. 30 (R) — British middle-distance star Sebastian Coe and Soviet gymnast Olga Bicherova were today named "athletes of the year" by Italy's leading sports daily newspaper, La Gazzetta Deglio Sport.

The newspaper, in its annual nomination, placed Coe ahead of American tennis ace John McEnroe and Bicherova ahead of American sprinter Evelyn Ashford. La Gazzetta's listings are based on an opinion poll.

## TRANSLATOR REQUIRED

The British Embassy has a vacancy for an experienced English/Arabic translator. Applicants will be expected to have a very good knowledge of both languages, and will be asked to sit a written examination.

Apply in writing, giving educational qualifications and previous experience, to the Administration Officer, British Embassy, P.O. Box 87, Amman. Applications should reach the British Embassy by Sunday, 10 January.

## Chris Evert Lloyd named No. 1 woman tennis player

NEW YORK, Dec. 30 (A.P.) — Chris Evert Lloyd has been named the No. 1 woman tennis player in the United States, the sixth time she has held the top spot, the United States Tennis Association

announced today.

Lloyd, who was ranked second the last two years behind Tracy Austin (1980) and Martina Navratilova (1979), regained the No. 1 spot she had held for five consecutive years, from 1974 to 1978.

Last year's top-ranked women's tennis player and the winner of the 1979 and 1981 U.S. Opens, Austin finished 1981 in second place, while Navratilova remained third.

Rounding out the top 10 for the year are: Andrea Jaeger, Pam Shriver, Barbara Potter, Bettina Bunge, Kathy Jordan, Mary Lou Piatek and Pam Casale.

## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN  
©1981 by Chicago Tribune

East-West vulnerable. West deals.

**NORTH**  
♠ J63  
♥ 974  
♦ KJ102  
♣ KJ6

**WEST** ♠ Q1054  
♥ K55  
♦ 873  
♣ A52

**EAST** ♠ A Q J 6 3 2  
♥ 9 6 5  
♦ 10 8 7  
♣ 10 8 7

**SOUTH**  
♠ A K 9 7 2  
♥ 10  
♦ A Q 4  
♣ Q 9 4 3

The bidding:  
West North East South  
Pass Pass Pass 1 ♠  
Pass 1 NT 2 ♥ 2 ♠  
Pass 3 ♠ Pass 4 ♠  
Pass Pass Pass  
Opening lead: Five of ♣.

partner's.

West led a low heart and declarer was satisfied with his contract. With oormal breaks, he expected to hold his losers to ooe trick io each suit except diamonds. West won the ace of hearts and returned the suit.

Declarer ruffed, cashed the ace of spades and would have liked to have been able to lead a low spade to the jack as a safety play. But if trumps were 4-1, he was oot sure that he could weather being forced with another heart ruff, so South decided to first set up his side suit. He led a low club, and West rose with the ace—an uoecessary play, since declarer was uoliked to have a singleton club as well as a singleton heart, but ooe that did oot cost. West exited with a heart.

Declarer ruffed and laid down the king of spades, and discovered the bad trump break. Now he needed to find a very specific distribution to make his contract. He cashed two clubs and theo three diamonds, ending in his hand. He was fortunate that West had to follow suit to all five of these tricks.

Declarer had nice tricks in the bag. Dummy was down to the jack of trumps and high diamond. West held the queen-tee of trumps and the lead was in the closed hand. South led his last club, and no matter what West did, dummy was bound to score his jack of trumps en passant for the fulfilling trick.

If you oeed a particular distribution to land a contract, play as if it exists. South applied this principle to his four spade contract and telescoped two losers into one.

North-South reached a good contract. Note North's raise to three spades. Despite the fact that he had a perfectly balanced hand, North had good trump support and the fact that all his points were outside of the heart suit suggested that his hand would fit well with his

## Notice

### FOR PREQUALIFICATION OF CONTRACTORS Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan Ministry of Public Works Amman, Jordan

**AL HASHEMIAH GUEST PALACE PROJECT**  
Applications are invited for the prequalification of tenderers for the alterations and refurbishment to convert Al Hashemiah into a government guest palace.

#### The project includes:

- Alterations in order to convert the building into a number of self contained suites, and to provide extra bedrooms, staff changing rooms and stores.
  - Refurbishing mechanical, electrical and plumbing services, and generally making good the fabric of the building.
  - Undertaking the installation of new kitchens and laundry facilities.
  - General upgrading of external works.
- Applications may be submitted by:
- First-class building contractors provided that they prove, through association or recruitment of specialists, that they are qualified to undertake such work;
  - Qualified international contractor, associated with local qualified contractor;
  - Qualified international contractors.

Tender documents will be available at the cost of JD 160.000 from Jan. 1, 1982.

All interested contractors are required to submit two envelopes on the specified dates as follows:

- Prequalification envelope by Jan. 31, 1982.
- Priced bid envelope by March 15, 1982.

On March 15 end after receiving the Priced bid envelopes, the qualified contractors will be declared. Only their priced bids will be opened; other priced bid envelopes will be returned to senders without being opened.

Estimated commencement date of the works is May 1, 1982.

Estimated construction period 18 months.

Minister of Public Works  
Eng. Awni Masri.



Make today a J & B Rare Day

## CONTINENTAL DRILLING COMPANY EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

A well established drilling firm is in need of qualified and experienced mechanics. Speciality to be diesel (G.M. CATERPILLAR-etc) qualified persons will receive salaries according to qualifications and experience.

For interviews contact tel. No. 25601 or 841368, Amman between 8 a.m. - 4 p.m.

## SECRETARY REQUIRED

Company secretary required, with good command of English and developed skill in shorthand or dictaphone typing.

Pis. call tel. 64128/9  
Orient Transport Company Ltd.  
Abdall, Shukri Abdeen Building  
Opposite Islamic Hospital.

## NOTICE For prequalification of contractors Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan Amman Development Corporation (Wadi Saqra Complex & Public Park Project)

Ref. is made to our advertisement in the newspaper of 22 - 24th Dec. 1981.

The Jordanian contractors who are classified 1st class (general) are invited alone to fill the application forms of prequalification.

Also international or international contractors in joint-venture with 1st class (building) contractors are invited.

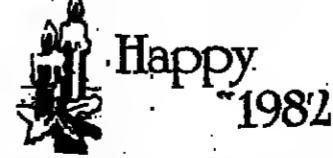
Last submission date will be 12 noon Sunday, Feb. 28th, 1982.

P.O. Box: 926621  
Tel: 62717/18.  
Tlx: 22133 ADA JO

Sami Al-Rashed  
Director General

## THE NEW LA TERRASSE RESTAURANT

will organise a dancing dinner party to the tunes of THE LIGHTS band, with the following singing stars: SIHAM AL SAFADI, MALEK MADI and FAYEZ JAWDEH; and the Oriental band led by ANTON SHAM'OUN



\* Happy surprises during the party  
\* Door prizes \* Gifts for the New year  
Ticket price: JD 20

For reservation and tickets: Please call on the restaurant's management in Shmeisani, near the Jordan Tower. Tel. 62831. Families only

# FaSha

provide you always with a taste of good life.

We were the first to introduce Godiva Chocolates into Jordan. Now, we want you to enjoy EVEN MORE FAMOUS AND DELICIOUS CHOCOLATES: **NEUHAUS**

The finest Belgian chocolate (since 1857)

JABAL LUWEIBDEH HAWOOZ CIRCLE

Handwritten signature or note.

# FEATURES

## So many reached the end of the road

By Ellen Nimmons  
— The Associated Press

**NEW YORK** — They starved in Northern Ireland, fell to assassins in Egypt and Iran. Some had finished their work. Others had only begun. Some prepared to die. Others had no warning.

Anwar Sadat, Moshe Dayan, Yitzhak Rabin, the G.I.'s five-star general, Natalie Wood, a Hollywood favorite: they were among the famous to die in 1981.

Albert Speer, the architect of Adolf Hitler's rise to power in Nazi Germany, was among the famous.

One who thought about dying was Pulitzer Prize-winning author William Saroyan. He offered his stomach in his last days — "Everybody has got to die, but I have always believed an exception could be made in my case. Now what?"

Another who had time to prepare was Ella Grasso, the first woman elected governor of a state in her own right. She resigned her office last year because of cancer, allowing an orderly transition of power in Connecticut.

Some who died in 1981 seemed to collaborate in death as they had in life: Will and Ariel Durant spent decades writing on "The Story of Civilization." He died less than two weeks after her. They say he didn't know his wife was gone.

And some died alone: veteran actor William Holden died fatally after an inebriated fall, and his body was found several days later. It was a year of great unrest in

Poland, and the predominantly Roman Catholic populace also lost Cardinal Stefan Wyszynski, who kept peace with the Communists but countered their authority for decades.

In Latin America, two leaders were killed in plane crashes: Omar Torrijos, the Panamanian strongman who negotiated return of the canal to his homeland, and Ecuador's 40-year-old president, Jaime Roldos Aguilera.

Elsewhere, assassins changed world leadership.

Sadat, shunned by many for making peace with Israel, was gunned down at a military parade. Ziaur Rahman, a liberation war hero and president of impoverished Bangladesh since 1977, was killed in a failed coup attempt.

And in Iran, a guerrilla campaign of bombs and bullets was blamed for the killings of hundreds of officials, including president Mohammad Ali Rajai and prime minister Mohammad Javad Bahonar.

In 1981, the world lost young crusaders and old ones: — Terry Fox, 22, the one-legged cancer victim who failed in an attempt to run across Canada but inspired other sufferers. — Roger Nash Baldwin, 97, a

founder of the American Civil Liberties Union who lived to see it influence the course of the nation.

Sports lost Joe Louis, the heavyweight boxing champion who defended his title a record 25 times from 1937 to 1949, including a memorable victory in 1938 over Max Schmeling, the pride of Nazi Germany.

The broadcast media lost a trail-blazing pioneer, Lowell Thomas, a popular television game show host, Allen Ludden; and a seer, Marshall McLuhan, the medium is the message.

Dewitt Wallace is gone, but his Reader's Digest holds sway. The Union Leader newspaper of Manchester, New Hampshire, is less conservative without publisher William Loeh.

Northern Ireland saw many deaths on both sides of the conflict over British rule, among them Bobby Sands, first of 10 Irish Republican Army hunger strikers to die; and Robert Bradford, a Protestant clergyman and member of British Parliament who was slain by IRA gunmen.

Politics lost its share of leaders, at home and abroad: — Romulo Betancourt, twice the president of Venezuela, whose

name meant democracy to millions of Latin Americans.

— Eric Williams, the prime minister of Trinidad and Tobago who led his two-island nation to independence from Britain in 1962.

U.S. Labour lost two of its most powerful men: Frank Fitzsimmons, president of the teamsters, and Jerry Wurf, head of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees.

And the entertainment world mourned stars, supporting players and creators:

— Melvyn Douglas, the actor who was a suave leading man in his early Hollywood movies — opposite such film greats as Greta Garbo and Katharine Hepburn — and who oscar in supporting roles for "Hud" and "Being There."

— Robert Montgomery, a film star, director and producer whose "Robert Montgomery Presents" was among television's earliest major dramatic series.

— Jim Davis, the actor who starred as Jock Ewing on the world famous television series "Dallas."

— Gloria Grahame, an actress known for "Bad Girl" roles who won an Oscar as a clinging southern wife in "The Bad and the Beautiful."

— Lotte Lenya, the singer and actress who starred in "The Threepenny Opera," by her husband, Kurt Weill, and Bertolt Brecht.

— Richard Boone, the pockmarked actor best known as Paladin, the good guy who wore black and carried a business card on the television western "Have Gun, Will Travel."

— Anita Loos, the wit and writer who said it first — "Gentlemen Prefer Blondes" (she never was one).

— Paddy Chayefsky, the acclaimed screenwriter of "Network," "Marty" and "The Hospital."

— William Wyler, the actor's director who won oscar for "Mrs. Miniver," "The Best Years of Our Lives," and "Ben-Hur."

Music and dance lost high-

**NEW YEAR PARTY**

at my place

**DISCO**

**Last Chance For Tickets To day**

Fun that Lasts All Night  
10 JD per person including dinner and many Surprises

For Res. 25191  
**PHILADELPHIA HOTEL**

**JUMBLE** THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME  
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

**DIMIO**

**BYRDE**

**NERVAG**

**RATTAR**

How about joining us in a little penny ante, Skipper?

**THE CARD GAME THE CAPTAIN SHOULD STICK TO.**

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here: "O O O O O O O O O O"

(Answers tomorrow)

Saturday's Jumbles: CUBIC HELLO BELLOW VELLUM  
Answer: The "wrong way" to live—"EVIL"

### Catcher in the Rye

WASHINGTON, (A.P.) — Mark David Chapman read a passage from J.D. Salinger's classic "Catcher in the Rye," then was sentenced to 30 years to life — the 26-year-old was in Attica prison as 1981 ended — for shooting former Beatle John Lennon to death.

In the passage, troubled teenager Holden Caulfield visualizes children playing in a field of Rye. Caulfield thought he had to keep them from falling over a cliff.

### The battle of Malibu Beach

BILLIE JEAN KING won an eviction battle in 1981 that she never wanted to fight: a judge ordered Marilyn Barnett, the tennis star's former lover, to move out of a Malibu Beach house.

The 35-year-old Mrs. King said disclosure of her lesbian affair cost her \$1 million in product endorsements. She said she had offered Miss Barnett, her former secretary, \$125,000 to leave the house, return some 60 love letters and "not be bothersome."

The deal fell through, and Miss Barnett filed a "palimony" suit for support from Mrs. King.

**THE BETTER HALF** By Vinson

"Watch what he does and next time it breaks YOU can fix it."

### eanuts

THE RULER? YES, MA'AM, THE RULER IS A VERY USEFUL INSTRUMENT

IT CAN BE USED TO MEASURE WIDTH, AND HEIGHT...

AND EVEN DEPTH!

### lutt 'n' Jeff

VEH, BOSS, WE GOT ANOTHER FEATHER IN OUR HAT! WE GOT ANOTHER PROMISE FOR AN ORDER TODAY!

PROMISES, PROMISES, THAT'S ALL YOU'VE GOTTEN SO FAR!

WELL--- THEY'LL ALL ORDER LATER ON, BOSS-- THOSE ARE ALL GOOD FEATHERS IN OUR HAT!

OH, BY THE WAY, WILL YOU WIRE US SOME CASH FOR FARE HOME?

PUT ALL THOSE FEATHERS TOGETHER AND FLY HOME!

### he Flintstones

WOW! BUSINESS MUST BE GOOD IF YOU CAN CLOSE THIS EARLY IN THE DAY!

GOOD? IT'S LOUSY!

EQUIPMENT BREAK-DOWN?

NO-EQUIPMENT LOVE-IN!

CLOSED HOMER CAR WASH 50¢

### YOUR DAILY Horoscope

from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, DEC. 31, 1981

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** A day and evening when you need to rely more upon your intuitive perceptions than on your mature judgment. Conditions in the evening are fine to bring in the New Year.

**ARIES** (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Study new interests more carefully and get better results with them. Purchase new apparel to improve your appearance.

**TAURUS** (Apr. 20 to May 20) Handle pressing financial affairs early in the day for best results. Bring in the New Year with a real flourish.

**GEMINI** (May 21 to June 21) You have made promises to others and should carry through with them or you could lose their goodwill. Use common sense.

**MOON CHILDREN** (June 22 to July 21) The New Year will bring in excellent conditions so plan for expansion. Be sure to use care in travel. Express happiness.

**LEO** (July 22 to Aug. 21) Count the cost well where recreation is concerned. Be thoughtful of loved one and see the New Year in together. Be wise.

**VIRGO** (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A good day to find out what family members expect of you to keep harmony at home. Engage in the New Year's celebration.

**LIBRA** (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You could receive a communication that is hard to understand, so study it well before you do anything about it.

**SCORPIO** (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Make plans for the New Year's celebration and spend time with those you like the most. A time to express your talent.

**SAGITTARIUS** (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Make resolutions in which you and family members will benefit. You can add to present prestige now.

**CAPRICORN** (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) A personal matter may not be as bad as you think, so analyze it objectively. Contact friends and wish them a Happy New Year.

**AQUARIUS** (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Concentrate on getting ahead in your line of endeavor. Make detailed plans for the evening's celebration with loved one.

**PISCES** (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Think out carefully what you desire to accomplish in the New Year. A good time to express your finest talents.

**IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY...** he or she will be very blunt and should be taught to use tact and diplomacy with others and avoid arguments. Give as fine an education as you can. Sports could be the forte here, or any profession requiring physical stamina.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

### FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, JAN. 1, 1982

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** Start the New Year right by eliminating confused conditions or muddled thinking which has been part of your life in the past. Engage in activities today that you especially enjoy.

**ARIES** (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Attend to important personal chores early in the day. Make plans to cut down on expenses at home and in the outside world.

**TAURUS** (Apr. 20 to May 20) You have good creative thoughts now and you should use them to advantage without delay. Show that you have poise.

**GEMINI** (May 21 to June 21) Study a new project you have in mind and make sure you understand it well. Strive for harmony with family members.

**MOON CHILDREN** (June 22 to July 21) Make sure you check for possible mistakes where finances are concerned. Visit friends during spare time.

**LEO** (July 22 to Aug. 21) Handle personal affairs which require your attention on the first day of the New Year since they are important to your future welfare.

**VIRGO** (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A personal aim is closer to achieving than you realize, so apply a little more effort now. Take time to engage in favorite hobby.

**LIBRA** (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Calculate how far you have advanced in a project you have started and employ the best way to complete it. Express happiness.

**SCORPIO** (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A goal which has been difficult to gain in the past can be easily attained now. Take no chances with your health.

**SAGITTARIUS** (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Good day to contact close ties and gain the support you need. Be sensible in handling responsibilities.

**CAPRICORN** (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) If you want to engage in a new form of self-expression be sure you get as much data on the subject as possible.

**AQUARIUS** (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Show more consideration for the one you love now and add to your happiness. Take needed health treatments.

**PISCES** (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Discuss mutual projects with friends and improve the relationships with them. Sidestep one who likes to argue.

**IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY...** he or she will be successful in any endeavor, provided you give the right kind of education. The field of medicine would be an excellent choice. Be sure to give praise when deserved and raise the incentive. Teach good manners.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

### THE Daily Crossword

By Samuel K. Flegner

ACROSS	26 French philosopher	51 Asiatic capital	19 Welcome Gobi spots
1 Computer printout	28 Shark	52 Diagram	24 Dornier
5 Shoestrings	32 BPOE member	55 Simian	25 Notorious
10 Stage outfit	33 Muslim faith	56 Rorschach feature	26 Novelist Lagerlof
14 Cupid	35 Purloined interlude	58 Surreptitious ogler	27 Cover-up name
15 Romantic interlude	36 Whoppers	61 Slush	28 Landed estate
16 Sama	38 TV part	62 A Maxwell	29 Mixed drink
17 Charity	40 Exhale	63 Dialectical mark	30 Creator of Adam Bede
18 Nonsense	41 Cousin of 64A	64 Peruvian native	31 Before active and grade
20 Record	42 Cover girl	65 — vital	34 Light unit
21 Refrain	45 Haat	66 Mock	37 Kitchen utensil
22 Put on weight	46 Calming influence	67 Monarch	39 Savior
23 Dutch	48 Explorer		42 Ruth's in-law
25 Tightly shut	49 Hemando		44 Zodiac sign
	50 Originate		47 Candefstick
			48 Knuckle
			49 Park team
			50 Most tiny
			51 Porcelain under
			52 Gai
			53 Double-curve molding
			54 "— jolly good —"
			55 Salt tree
			57 Killer whale
			58 — jerker
			59 Ingredient of 29 D

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

DAVIS CIA GALLA  
PETITE CURIO ABAS  
ALLORA APOTIGLIZE  
ASTORING POWER DEEA  
BATA HELL BARRI  
REARAT LONTE  
STREPER SIOO CUELL  
RATTIER DUCKENIS  
ALITY SERR SOUTSIE  
STUDIOS HEISSTIN  
SISIS VILLE BEES  
BEA LIBERTY BILLE  
NATIONALE WILLE  
AVER ULLES GRIED  
NEISS SIVA AIDIS

©1981 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. News Synd. Inc. All Rights Reserved

do I, in 1/20

# WORLD

## U.S. sanctions against Soviets get cool reception in West Rakowski moves to assure Bonn on finding solutions for Warsaw

BONN, Dec. 30 (R) — Poland's deputy prime minister, Mieczyslaw Rakowski, told the West German government today that martial law would soon be relaxed and key economic reforms would go ahead, a Polish diplomat reported.

The diplomat was reporting on talks between Mr. Rakowski, the first Polish leader to visit the West since martial law was proclaimed on Dec. 13, and Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher.

A foreign ministry statement said Mr. Genscher called for an urgent resumption of dialogue with the Polish church and the Solidarity trade union, the release of internees and the lifting of martial law.

"The foreign minister gained the impression that the expectations he expressed were taken very seriously," the statement said. But it contained no suggestion that Mr. Rakowski responded positively during the four-hour meeting.

As the two men met, government spokesman Kurt Becker told reporters that Bonn did not share President Reagan's view that the Soviet Union instigated the military crackdown in Poland.

The Soviet Union branded President Reagan a liar as the world took stock of the economic sanctions the American leader has imposed on Moscow for its alleged role in the Polish crisis.

The reaction of Washington's allies to the sanctions announced last night were cautious or, in the case of West Germany, cool.

But the Soviet response, voiced through the official news agency TASS, was blunt and hostile, beginning with a rejection of Mr. Reagan's allegations of direct Soviet involvement in the military clampdown in Poland.

TASS called the sanctions an unacceptable contravention of accepted international practice towards a sovereign country. "To justify this crude act of dictation," the head of the U.S. administration resorted to direct deceit and lies," the Soviet agency said.

### Bonn: Pipeline project is on

While TASS predicted that the sanctions would not work, much interest elsewhere was concentrated on their possible impact on a planned multi-billion dollar gas pipeline from Siberia to West Europe. West German officials suggested that there was unlikely to be any immediate effect on the big project.

The West German energy concern Ruhrgas, which last month

signed a 25-year agreement with the Soviet Union to buy an annual 10.5 billion cubic metres of Siberian gas from 1984, said the deal was unaffected by the U.S. sanctions.

The Ruhrgas agreement opened the way for similar deals with other West European countries. "The U.S. is not involved in the project. This is a deal between the Soviet Union and Europe," a Ruhrgas spokesman said.

He said Ruhrgas realised the U.S. stance could have a political impact on Bonn, which has until now staunchly defended the gas-for-pipes deal against opposition from Washington.

French Government officials said France did not plan economic measures against the Soviet Union over events in Poland but would not undermine sanctions announced by the United States.

Officials close to Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy said the Socialist administration would seek to ensure that French companies did not fill gaps left by President Reagan's ban on high technology sales to Moscow.

Measures that could be taken included a refusal of export licences or of government credits to firms seeking to benefit by the cancellation of contracts previously held by American com-

panies, the officials said. But political sources said France did not at present envisage modifying its participation in the Siberian pipeline project.

On Dec. 9, the French electronics firm Thomson-CSF signed a \$334 million contract to supply communications and surveillance equipment for the pipeline.

## Italy tightens security for Americans

By Michael Sheridan

ROME, Dec. 30 (R) — Discreet security measures for top U.S. officials and military personnel have been stepped up throughout Italy since the kidnapping of Brig. Gen. James Dozier on Dec. 17, diplomatic sources said today.

However, the ease with which Red Brigades guerrillas seized the general 13 days ago showed that it is nearly impossible to give adequate protection to every potential target.

There is widespread disquiet among foreign diplomats about the efficiency of Italy's security services, the sources added. American military forces in Italy are officially estimated at 12,000 strong. With the U.S. Sixth Fleet at Naples, the forces include six admirals and seven generals.

The top-ranking U.S. diplomat, Ambassador Maxwell Rabb, has stated his confidence in Italian security measures but the security has slipped noticeably at least once recently.

When Mr. Rabb arrived at an opening night at Milan's La Scala opera house recently, I saw security men fail to recognise him or move in to protect him as he escorted his wife from a limousine through crowds thronging the entrance.

Italian security measures for top politicians and industrialists tend to be conspicuous, involving convoys of armoured limousines, outriders and police escorts, tyres screeching, sirens howling and blue lights flashing.

"They're strong on the theatrical deterrent but pretty weak on actual tight interlocking personal cover," according to one Western diplomat who deals with

## Report on nerve-gas storage touches U.K. political nerves

LONDON, Dec. 30 (A.P.) — Britain's opposition Labour Party and peace activists today condemned reported plans by the United States to store deadly nerve gas in this country.

Both the U.S. Defence Department and British Defence Minister Alan Nott denied the reports. Denis Davies, a Labour defence spokesman, said, "We are appalled that the Americans wish to stockpile deadly nerve gas in Britain."

The Star newspaper of London called the plan a "monstrous suggestion, which should be resisted at all costs."

British press reports quoted a U.S. Army official, Amoretta M. Hoerber, as saying a report by a Pentagon defence science board task force suggested that large amounts of nerve gas could be deployed in Britain as part of preparations for possible chemical warfare in Europe.

Ms. Hoerber, currently deputy

assistant secretary of the U.S. Army for research, development and acquisition, was a member of the task force.

Asked about the British press reports, Ms. Hoerber said in Washington that although the advisory panel concluded that "some degree of basing new nerve gas shells outside the United States might be desirable, it made no recommendation on where they should be put."

She also denied saying her panel recommended storage of such weapons on U.S. Air Force bases in Britain because it was feared West Germany would not accept them on its soil.

Mr. Nott said in a statement: "No approval for the deployment of U.S. chemical weapons in this country has been received, nor one is expected."

The U.S. Defence Department said in a statement in Washington that the panel "has not recommended that chemical nerve agent bombs be deployed in Great Britain."

Joan Ruddock, national chairman of Britain's Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament (CND), which claims about 300,000 members, said:

## Evren sets timetable for elections

ANKARA, Dec. 30 (R) — Turkey will return to democracy in the autumn of 1983 at the earliest or the spring of 1984 at the latest, the head of state, Gen. Kenan Evren, said today.

In a New Year's speech Gen. Evren, head of the five-member national security council that toppled the government of Suleyman Demirel in September 1980, for the first time gave a timetable for the return to civilian rule.

Western governments and institutions have recently increased pressure on Turkey's military rulers to produce such a timetable.

In October a constitutional assembly with 160 members was set up to prepare a new constitution.

Gen. Evren said today that if the assembly could complete and send to the security council a suitable

## Italian authorities on security

"And the fact that you have so many different forces—police, anti-terrorist police, intelligence services and so on—makes coordination a nightmare," he added.

Many Italians and foreigners are turning to Italy's booming private security business for protection. Bodyguards are often drawn from the ranks of elite West German, French and British military units.

Nevertheless, security is a major task. American forces are spread throughout Italy and many top personnel live off base.

## Pretoria renews ban on Mrs. Mandela

PRETORIA, Dec. 30 (R) — Mrs. Winnie Mandela, wife of jailed black nationalist Nelson Mandela, has been banned for a further five years by the South African government, a police spokesman said here today.

Mrs. Mandela, 47, will remain restricted to a small town of Brandfort, 50 kilometres north of Johannesburg, where she has since she was ordered to leave the black satellite city of Johannesburg in 1976. The previous year she was confined to her home in Soweto earlier in the year.

She also denied saying her panel recommended storage of such weapons on U.S. Air Force bases in Britain because it was feared West Germany would not accept them on its soil.

Mr. Nott said in a statement: "No approval for the deployment of U.S. chemical weapons in this country has been received, nor one is expected."

The U.S. Defence Department said in a statement in Washington that the panel "has not recommended that chemical nerve agent bombs be deployed in Great Britain."

Joan Ruddock, national chairman of Britain's Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament (CND), which claims about 300,000 members, said:

draft bill by the summer of 1982 a referendum could be held by the end of November. If voters approved the constitution, elections could be held in the autumn of 1983, provided there were in the meantime no "far-reaching international developments which might also affect Turkey."

If it were not possible to adopt the constitution by the autumn of 1983 elections would have to be held in the spring of 1984 because, he said, they could not be held during the winter.

Gen. Evren did not say when political parties would be allowed to organise.

He said 1981 has been a year of positive progress on the economic front and that more progress had been made than in recent years.

## Peking ready to talk with Moscow

PEKING, Dec. 30 (R) — China has told the Soviet Union it is willing to resume negotiations on their long-standing border dispute but that it is in no hurry for the talks to start.

A foreign ministry spokesman said today: "We have recently made a response to the Soviet Union. We have always maintained that the Sino-Soviet boundary question should be settled by peaceful means through negotiation."

significant progress on the border question. They noted that the last round of negotiations in 1978 ended in failure.

They said today's statement was apparently meant as a reminder to the United States that Peking may eventually wish to mend its fences with Moscow if relations with Washington went sour.

China has warned the United States that it will downgrade relations if the U.S. goes ahead with the sale of advanced fighter aircraft to Taiwan.

It is also concerned about U.S. plans to sell military spare parts to Taiwan and said yesterday that it was seeking clarification on the proposed sale.

## Crashed plane and survivors found on Colorado Rockies

DENVER, Colorado, Dec. 30 (A.P.) — Rescue workers wading through deep snowdrifts in the Colorado Rockies have found four survivors at the site of a Christmas Eve airplane crash. Dozens of avalanches thundered down the mountains and a search continued for a missing skier.

The plane was found yesterday after volunteers on the ground and in the air resumed a search for the source of an emergency locator signal first heard by commercial pilots Saturday deep in the mountains about 290 kilometres southwest of Denver.

Civil air patrol spokesman Bob

## Typhoon Lee's death toll rises

MANILA, Dec. 30 (A.P.) — At least 185 people were killed and 146 others are missing in the wake of Typhoon Lee which slammed across the Philippine midsection last weekend, destroying 24,808 homes, relief agencies said today.

The Office of Civil Defence (OCD) said 1,586 people were injured in four hard-hit provinces which President Ferdinand Marcos has placed under a state of calamity. OCD placed crop and property damage at 197.8 million pesos (\$24.7 million).

The social welfare ministry said 53,314 houses were partially damaged by the typhoon's 165-kilometres-an-hour peak winds. There were 39,586 displaced families consisting of 208,336 persons, a separate report from the Red Cross said.

The Red Cross reported 82 deaths in Northern Samar Province, 47 in Masbate, 40 Sorogon and 16 in Oriental Mindoro.

## Professionals rob security firm

TROIS-RIVIERES, Quebec, Dec. 30 (A.P.) — Three armed men used an armoured car company employee and his wife as human shields yesterday to force their way into the company depot here and make off with at least \$1,125,000 in cash, police said.

Police said the bandits took Assistant Manager Laurier Joly and his wife, Raymonde, captive at their home, tied up the pair and took them to the warehouse of Alliance Blinde, a security firm.

Investigators believe at least five persons — all "professionals" — took part in the robbery, said police spokesman Norman Rouette.

Three employees including Joly were left tied up in the vault. The gunmen made their getaway in two vans, taking Joly's wife with them.

When the gunmen abandoned one of the vans in nearby Cap de la Madeleine, the woman managed to free herself and called police from a farmhouse.

No shots were fired and no one was hurt in the operation, Rouette said.

Alliance Blinde was the victim of at least two major robberies this year.

In March, a lone gunman made off with \$2.4 million from an Alliance armoured car in Montreal's financial district.

In April, Alliance employees returning to work after their weekend holiday, found \$220,000 missing from the undamaged safe at an alliance warehouse in Sherbrooke, Quebec.

Trois-Rivieres is about halfway between Montreal and Quebec City on the St. Lawrence River.

## British cops call off bearhunt, start looking for stunt-puller

LONDON, Dec. 30 (A.P.) — A three-day police hunt for a brown bear reported roaming in East London was called off last night after a man telephoned a British newspaper claiming the whole incident was a hoax.

Identifying himself by his first name and refusing to give the last name, the mystery caller told the Sun newspaper he had dressed up in a fake fur bearskin just for fun.

The three-day search in freezing weather drew a complete blank.

The caller to the Sun said he was surprised the caper caused such a panic. "It was meant to be a bit of a giggle," he was quoted as telling the paper.

A police spokesman told the Associated Press that an appeal had been issued to any costumers who might have hired out the bearskin. If caught, the hoaxer would receive at least "a severe talking to," he added.

"We had always considered the possibility of an elaborate hoax and this story only adds to this conviction. The hunt will not be resumed unless another sighting is reported and we have reason to believe it is genuine," he said.

## British cops call off bearhunt, start looking for stunt-puller

Faced Hoax," the mass-circulation tabloid said the caller had explained that he and three friends plotted the hoax over a drink in a bar following recent press reports of the discovery of two skinned and headless genuine bear carcasses in the same area.

The four men had hired the bearskin for a costume party and took it to London's Hackney area Saturday and Sunday night to "have a laugh" in the snow, the Sun said.

But the prank got out of control after a group of teenagers reported they saw a "giant, great growling hairy bear" as they walked across Hackney Marshes. Giant footprints in the snow added credence to their story.

The boy's report prompted a widespread search, dubbed "Operation Goldlocks" by the British press, by more than 50 policemen, some armed with shotguns, others leading tracker dogs.

The three-day search in freezing weather drew a complete blank.

The caller to the Sun said he was surprised the caper caused such a panic. "It was meant to be a bit of a giggle," he was quoted as telling the paper.

A police spokesman told the Associated Press that an appeal had been issued to any costumers who might have hired out the bearskin. If caught, the hoaxer would receive at least "a severe talking to," he added.

"We had always considered the possibility of an elaborate hoax and this story only adds to this conviction. The hunt will not be resumed unless another sighting is reported and we have reason to believe it is genuine," he said.

**WALKER RESTAURANT**

Prince Moh'd Str. - Tel. 42829  
Jabal Amman  
**HAKOOZ**  
DINE ITALIAN

Spend the first few hours of the New Year with us!  
Enjoy our Italian speciality made by the famous Italian chef MEMO

**DANCE ALL NIGHT!**

JD 30 per couple  
bottle of wine included

Reservations: tel. 42829

## The Weekend Crossword

**TITLE NOTES**  
By E. S. Gald

**ACROSS**

- 1 "Sleazy" character
- 5 Term of respect
- 10 Come to rest
- 15 Tactility
- 19 Stability need
- 19 Colored string
- 21 "Glass Menagerie" woman
- 22 Number
- 23 Victim
- 24 Beetle
- 25 Song for Christmas
- 26 Nog legend
- 26 Painting, sculpture, etc.
- 31 Stage direction
- 32 Placard
- 33 Ballistic device
- 34 Bernhard
- 36 Andros — Sarta
- 37 Widemouthed
- 38 Site of La Scala
- 40 Laundry employee
- 42 Slamish
- 43 Portray
- 44 Mored a canoe
- 46 Eccelestyptose aster
- 47 Military
- 48 Acrylic
- 49 Brighten
- 49 Actress List
- 50 Auditor
- 51 Stage character
- 53 Lilliputian
- 54 Napery
- 55 Brand
- 56 Butterfly catcher
- 57 French girl
- 58 Song for Christmas
- 59 French town
- 61 — Yutbing
- 62 Hypodermic
- 63 Certain stars
- 64 Taj
- 65 Red colors
- 66 Eccelestyptose aster
- 66 Hemove
- 68 Acrylic
- 69 Acrylic
- 70 Box
- 71 Early
- 72 Uses money
- 74 Healthy
- 75 Casser
- 75 Summerhouse
- 76 Dish
- 77 Rebound
- 78 Certain distance
- 79 — Saltra Marie
- 80 French town
- 81 Smeer
- 84 Wreath
- 85 Smeer
- 87 Kaley or anal
- 88 "It rains upon a..."
- 89 Tonic
- 90 "Dellus"
- 90 Vacation spot
- 91 Certain status
- 101 Out
- 102 Cassette
- 103 Item
- 103 Blasted abodes

**DOWN**

- 1 Clinging fish
- 2 Refrain in a Christmas song
- 3 Put on
- 4 Forever — day
- 5 English
- 6 Shell over a
- 7 Tropica
- 8 Young pichard
- 9 First name
- 10 Source of rubber
- 11 Raw minerals
- 12 Sandra or Ruby
- 13 Song for Christmas
- 14 Lament for things past
- 15 Fatigue, to
- 16 Brown pigment used in art
- 17 Misacuity
- 18 Tool for boring
- 19 Site of La Scala
- 20 Silver color
- 21 Washed
- 22 Bandleader
- 23 Young pichard
- 24 Song for Christmas
- 25 Stage character
- 26 Painting, sculpture, etc.
- 27 French philosopher
- 28 Social
- 29 French philosopher
- 30 Fatigue, to
- 31 Flower parts
- 32 Lacking red blood cells
- 33 Lilliputian
- 34 California
- 35 Open space in the woods
- 36 Half-blood
- 37 French town
- 38 Rive in Italy
- 39 — Moines
- 40 Binary compound
- 41 Inflation felt
- 42 Three — of Cologne
- 43 Wreath
- 44 Clinging plants
- 45 Relating to
- 46 — Harok's "Piggyback"
- 47 Interact
- 48 Fur capes
- 49 Fall of food
- 50 Morning
- 51 Author's works
- 52 Desert
- 53 Desert
- 54 Desert
- 55 Tidal bore
- 56 Steps on an Indian
- 57 "For — Joly good..."
- 58 Cross
- 59 1058
- 60 Alphabetic sequence
- 61 Author's works
- 62 Desert
- 63 Desert
- 64 Desert
- 65 Tidal bore
- 66 Steps on an Indian
- 67 "For — Joly good..."
- 68 Cross
- 69 1058
- 70 Alphabetic sequence

**The Weekend Crossword**  
(formerly The New York Herald Tribune Crossword)  
Edited by Herb Etelson

**Last Week's Cryptograms**

- Barberic woman barber shaved unclivilized customers with old stone ad.
- A watch watched while driving might mean arriving on time — or not at all.
- Temporary tyetel took time to talk turkey about troublesome translation.
- Famous has tamer tamed wild lioness for new circus.

**CRYPTOGRAMS**

- PEAC ONVE ARUYITTOY VY APTVEN; ACKK VYIY OUC YUFTTVEN; OENCKY OUC BFTTVEN. —By India M. Sperry
- HUL CASBE YDXXUASOOU, HULLSP ASP ESA. ASAR. ULP U PURE DC NDYUND BURNS UPP. XKA ND NES HDOP BKXXU? —By G. Ditch
- SY COS AL OS ALMOST; LYCU OXU ZUSAS. LIMOL. ZXYIT SUPEL LRHE YUH. —By Norton H. Rhoades
- DECKTH DALS. DAYCH DEZ, YLS DEZH TYLK SEXL. —By Barbara J. Sugg

Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.